

# Form HB0001 Water Escape Limitation Endorsement

This extension modifies coverage, provided by forms A1, A3, C1, C2, D1 and D2, but only if indicated on the Declarations Page of the form

Notwithstanding anything contained in the policy as listed on the Declaration Page, this endorsement modifies the policy for "Water Escape" to a maximum limit as shown on the Declaration Page for any one loss or damage caused by "Water Escape" and resulting from an insured peril, subject to Deductible as shown on the Declaration Page for each and every loss. However, terms of this Endorsement shall not apply to loss or damage caused by Leakage from Fire Protective Equipment or by Fire Fighting.

**Co-Insurance Clause:** For the purpose of this extension, this extension is <u>NOT</u> subject to co-insurance notwithstanding anything contained in the Policy Declarations to the contrary.

"Water Escape" is defined as the accidental discharge or overflow of water or steam from a plumbing, heating, sprinkler or air conditioning system, equipment attached and public watermains, but does not include backing up or escape of water from sewers, sumps, septic tanks or drains.

All other terms and conditions of this Policy remain unchanged.

Attaching to and forming part of this Policy, its extensions or renewals unless otherwise stated



# War And Civil War Exclusion Clause

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein this Policy does not cover Loss or Damage directly or indirectly occasioned by, happening through or in consequence of war, invasion, acts of foreign enemies, hos tilities (whether war be declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power or confiscation or nationalisation n or requisition or destruction of or damage to property by or under the order of any government or public or local authority.



# **Biological or Chemical Materials Exclusion**

It is agreed that this Insurance excludes loss, damage, cost or expense of whatsoever nature directly or indirectly caused by, resulting from or in connection with the actual or threatened malicious use of pathogenic or poisonous biological or chemical materials regardless of any other cause or event contributing concurrently or in any other sequence thereto.



# Growing or Selling of Plants, Drugs &/or Substances Exclusions

This Policy does not cover loss or damage arising from any activity relating to the growing, cultivation, harvesting, manufacture, distribution, or sale of cannabis and/or related products whether or not the Insured has knowledge of such activity(ies).

Any claims, losses or expenses which arise from the Insured's consumption, possession or sale of cannabis or a plant, drug and/or substance categorized as "Illegal" under the Federal Controlled Drugs and Services Act, are excluded under this policy, whether or not the Insured has knowledge of such activity(ies).



# **Property Cyber and Data Exclusion**

- 1. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary within this Policy or any endorsement thereto this Policy excludes any:
  - (a) Cyber Loss;
  - (b) loss, damage, liability, claim, cost, expense of whatsoever nature directly or indirectly caused by, contributed to by, resulting from, arising out of or in connection with any loss of use, reduction in functionality, repair, replacement, restoration or reproduction of any Data, including any amount pertaining to the value of such Data;

regardless of any other cause or event contributing concurrently or in any other sequence thereto.

- 2. In the event any portion of this endorsement is found to be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder shall remain in full force and effect.
- 3. This endorsement supersedes and, if in conflict with any other wording in the Policy or any endorsement thereto having a bearing on Cyber Loss or Data, replaces that wording.

# DEFINITIONS

- 4. Cyber Loss means any loss, damage, liability, claim, cost or expense of whatsoever nature directly or indirectly caused by, contributed to by, resulting from, arising out of or in connection with any Cyber Act or Cyber Incident including, but not limited to, any action taken in controlling, preventing, suppressing or remediating any Cyber Act or Cyber Incident.
- 5. Cyber Act means an unauthorised, malicious or criminal act or series of related unauthorised, malicious or criminal acts, regardless of time and place, or the threat or hoax thereof involving access to, processing of, use of or operation of any Computer System.
- 6. Cyber Incident means:
  - (a) any error or omission or series of related errors or omissions involving access to, processing of, use of or operation of any Computer System; or
  - (b) any partial or total unavailability or failure or series of related partial or total unavailability or failures to access, process, use or operate any Computer System.
- 7. Computer System means:
  - (a) any computer, hardware, software, communications system, electronic device (including, but not limited to, smart phone, laptop, tablet, wearable device), server, cloud or microcontroller including any similar system or any configuration of the aforementioned and including any associated input, output, data storage device, networking equipment or back up facility,

owned or operated by the Insured or any other party.

8. Data means information, facts, concepts, code or any other information of any kind that is recorded or transmitted in a form to be used, accessed, processed, transmitted or stored by a Computer System.



# Radioactive Contamination Exclusion Clause - Physical Damage - Direct

This policy does not cover any loss or damage arising directly or indirectly from nuclear reaction nuclear radiation or radio active contamination however such nuclear reaction nuclear radiation or radioactive contamination may have been caused \* NEVERTHELESS if Fire is an insured peril and a Fire arises directly or indirectly from nuclear reaction nuclear radiation or radioactive contamination any loss or damage arising directly from that Fire shall (subject to the provisions of this policy) be covered EXCLUDING however all loss or damage caused by nuclear reaction nuclear radiation or radioactive contamination arising directly from that Fire.

\* NOTE. - If Fire is not an insured peril under this policy the words "NEVERTHELESS" to the end of the clause do not apply and should be disregarded.



# **Radioactive Contamination Exclusion Clause**

(Approved by Lloyd's Underwriters' Non-Marine Association)

This policy does not cover"

- (a) loss or destruction of or damage to any property whatsoever or any loss or expense whatsoever resulting or arising therefrom or any consequential loss
- (b) any legal liability of whatsoever nature directly or indirectly caused by or contributed to by or arising from ionising radiations or contamination by radioactivity from any nuclear fuel or from any nuclear waste from the combustion of nuclear fuel.



# Seepage And/Or Pollution And/Or Contamination Exclusion

Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary within the Policy of which this Endorsement forms part (or within any other Endorsement which forms part of this Policy), this Policy does not insure:

- a. any loss, damage, cost or expense, or
- b. any increase in insured loss, damage, cost or expense, or
- c. any loss, damage, cost, expense, fine or penalty, which is incurred, sustained or imposed by order, direction, instruction or request of, or by any agreement with, any court, government agency or any public, civil or military authority; or threat thereof, (and whether or not as a result of public or private litigation),

which arises from any kind of seepage or any kind of pollution and/or contamination, or threat thereof, whether or not caused by or resulting from a peril insured, or from steps or measures taken in connection with the avoidance, prevention, abatement, mitigation, remediation, clean-up or removal of such seepage or pollution and/or contamination or threat thereof.

The term 'any kind of seepage or any kind of pollution and/or contamination' as used in this Endorsement includes (but is not limited to):

seepage of, or pollution and/or contamination by, anything, including but not limited to, any material designated as a 'hazardous substance' by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or as a 'hazardous material' by the United States Department of Transportation, or defined as a 'toxic substance' by the Canadian Environmental Protection Act for the purposes of Part II of that Act, or any substance designated or defined as toxic, dangerous, hazardous or deleterious to persons or the environment under any other Federal, State, Provincial, Municipal or other law, ordinance or regulation; and

the presence, existence, or release of anything which endangers or threatens to endanger the health, safety or welfare of persons or the environment.



# Fungi and Fungal Derivatives Exclusion (Property)

## THIS POLICY IS AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:

### The following EXCLUSION is added to the PROPERTY section of this policy.

# 1. This policy shall not insure:

- (a) loss or damage consisting of or caused directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, by any "Fungi" or "Spores" unless such "Fungi" or "Spores" are directly caused by or directly result from a peril otherwise insured and not otherwise excluded by this policy.
- (b) the cost or expense for any testing, monitoring, evaluating or assessing of "Fungi" or "Spores".

#### 2. DEFINITIONS

- (a) "Fungi" includes, but is not limited to, any for or type of mould, yeast, mushroom or mildew whether or not allergenic, pathogenic or oxygenic and any substance, vapour or gas produced by, emitted from or arising out of any "Fungi" or "Spores" or resultant micro toxins, allergens, or pathogens.
- (b) "Spores" includes, but is not limited to, one or more reproductive particles or microscopic fragments produced by, emitted from or arising out of any "Fungi".



# Nuclear Incident Exclusion Clause-Liability-Direct (Broad) Canada

(For use with all Public Liability Policies except Personal, Farmers' and Storekeepers')

It is agreed that this Policy does not apply:

- (a) to liability imposed by or arising from any nuclear liability act, law or statute, or any law amendatory thereof; nor
- (b) to bodily injury or property damage with respect to which an Insured under this policy is also insured under a contract of nuclear energy liability insurance (whether the Insured is unnamed in such contract and whether or not it is legally enforceable by the Insured) issued by the Nuclear Insurance Association of Canada or any other insurer or group or pool of insurers or would be an Insured under any such policy but for its termination upon exhaustion of its limit of liability; nor
- (c) to bodily injury or property damage resulting directly or indirectly from the nuclear energy hazard arising from:
  - i. the ownership, maintenance, operation or use of a nuclear facility by or on behalf of an Insured;
  - ii. the furnishing by an Insured of services, materials, parts or equipment in connection with the planning, construction, maintenance, operation or use of any nuclear facility; and
  - iii. the possession, consumption, use, handling, disposal or transportation of fissionable substances, or of other radioactive material (except radioactive isotopes, away from a nuclear facility, which have reached the final stage of fabrication so as to be usable for any scientific, medical, agricultural, commercial or industrial purpose) used, distributed, handled or sold by an Insured.

As used in this policy:

- 1. The term "nuclear energy hazard" means the radioactive, toxic, explosive, or other hazardous properties of radioactive material;
- The term "radioactive material" means uranium, thorium, plutonium, neptunium, their respective derivatives and compounds, radioactive isotopes of other elements and any other substances which may be designated by or pursuant to any law, act or statute, or law amendatory thereof as being prescribed substances capable of releasing atomic energy, or as being requisite for the production, use or application of atomic energy;
- 3. The term "nuclear facility" means:
  - a. any apparatus designed or used to sustain nuclear fission in a self-supporting chain reaction or to contain a critical mass of plutonium, thorium and uranium or any one or more of them;
  - b. any equipment or device designed or used for
    - i. separating the isotopes of plutonium, thorium and uranium orany one or more of them,
    - ii. processing or utilising spent fuel, or
    - iii. handling, processing or packaging waste;
  - c. any equipment or device used for the processing, fabricating or alloying of plutonium, thorium or uranium enriched in the isotope uranium 233 or in the isotope uranium 235, or any one or more of them if at any time the total amount of such material in the custody of the Insured at the premises where such equipment or device is located consists of or contains more than 25 grams of plutonium or uranium 233 or any combination thereof, or more than 250 grams of uranium 235;
  - d. any structure, basin, excavation, premises or place prepared or used for the storage or disposal of waste radioactive material; and includes the site on which any of the foregoing is located, together with all operations conducted thereon and all premises used for such operations.
- 4. The term "fissionable substance" means any prescribed substance that is, or from which can be obtained, a substance capable of releasing atomic energy by nuclear fission.
- 5. With respect to property, loss of use of such property shall be deemed to be property damage. It is understood and agreed that, except as specifically provided in the foregoing to the contrary, this Clause is subject to the terms, exclusions, conditions and limitations of the Policy to which it is attached.



# Fungi and Fungal Derivatives Exclusion (Liability)

# This policy is amended as follows:

The following EXCLUSION is added to the LIABILITY section of this policy.

# FUNGI AND FUNGAL DERIVATIVES EXCLUSION

This policy shall not insure:

- a) "bodily injury"
- b) any supervision
- c) any obligation

# The following are added to the DEFINITIONS:

- a) "Fungi" includes, but is not limited to, any for or type of mould, yeast, mushroom or mildew whether or not allergenic, pathogenic or oxygenic and any substance, vapour or gas produced by, emitted from or arising out of any "Fungi" or "Spores" or resultant micro toxins, allergens, or pathogens.
- b) "Spores" includes, but is not limited to, one or more reproductive particles or microscopic fragments produced by, emitted from or arising out of any "Fungi".



# **Electronic Data and Cyber Attack Exclusion**

Attaching to and forming part of Commercial General Liability Form.

This policy does not cover any claim, costs or expenses directly or indirectly arising out of, caused by, or contributed to or resulting from a Cyber-attack:

- 1. Functioning, nonfunctioning, improperly functioning, availability or unavailability of:
  - a. The internet or similar facility; or
  - b. Any intranet or private network or similar facility; or
  - c. Any website, bulletin board, chat room, search engine, portal or similar third party application service.
- Alteration, corruption, destruction, distortion, erasure, theft or other loss or loss of use or damage to DATA, software, information repository, microchip, integrated system or similar device in any computer equipment or non-computer equipment or any kind of programming or instruction set; or
- Loss of use or functionality, whether partial or entire, costs, expense of data, coding, program, software any computer or computer system or other device dependent upon any microchip or embedded logic and any ensuing inability or failure of any insured to conduct business.

Clauses (1), (2) and (3) apply regardless of any other cause or event contributing concurrently or in any other sequence to the loss.

Further, for the purposes of this endorsement;

DATA means facts, concepts and information converted to a form useable for communications, interpretation or processing by electronic and electromechanical data processing or electronically controlled equipment and includes programmes, software and other coded instructions for the processing and manipulation of data or the direction and manipulation of such equipment.

Cyber Attack means:

- (a) the spread of computer viruses, worm, logic bomb or Trojan horse,
- (b) any malicious or non-malicious act and/or inappropriate E-mail,
- (c) any unauthorized collection or misuse of any data
- (d) any breach of confidentiality or infringement of any privacy law or right to privacy.



# **Misinterpretation of Date Exclusion Endorsement**

THIS ENDORSEMENT MODIFIES THE COVERAGE PROVIDED IN THOSE FORMS SHOWN ON THE DECLARATION PAGE UNDER THE COVERAGE SUMMARY HEADING LIABILITY AND TO ANY LIABILITY COVERAGES PROVIDED UNDER MISCELLANEOUS AND/OR OTHER COVERAGES HEADINGS OF THIS POLICY.

THIS INSURANCE DOES NOT APPLY TO ANY LIABILITY OR ALLEGED LIABILITY ARISING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OUT OF:

#### 1. The actual or alleged failure, malfunction or inadequacy of any:

- (a) electronic data processing equipment, or other equipment, including micro-chips embedded therein;
- (b) computer program;
- (c) software;
- (d) computer networks;
- (e) media;
- (f) data;
- (g) memory storage system;
- (h) memory storage device;
- (i) real time clock;
- (j) date calculator;
- (k) other related component, system, process or device; or
- other products and any services, data, or functions that directly or indirectly use or rely upon, in any manner, any
  of the items referred to in paragraph a) through k) above.

to correctly read, recognize, process, distinguish, interpret, or accept any encoded, abbreviated or encrypted data, time or combined date/time data or data field. Such failure shall include any error in original or modified data entry or programming.

2. any advice, consultation, design, evaluation, inspection, installation, maintenance, repair, replacement or supervision provided or done by the Insured or on the Insured's behalf to determine, rectify, or test for any potential or actual problems described in paragraph 1 of this endorsement.

ALL OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS REMAIN UNCHANGED.



# **Abuse or Molestation Exclusion Endorsement**

# THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

This endorsement modifies insurance provided under the Liability Section of this Policy.

This insurance does not apply to 'bodily injury', 'personal injury' or 'property damage' arising out of:

- 1. The alleged, actual, threatened or proposed act of sexual harassment, sexual misconduct, sexual molestation, physical abuse, or mental abuse of any person.
- 2. The transmission of disease arising out of any act referred to in paragraph 1 above.
- 3. The failure to take all reasonable and proper steps to guard against the possibility of any of the foregoing.

Attached to and forming part of this Policy.



# Insuring in Canada of Risk Endorsement

For the purposes of the Insurance Companies Act (Canada), this document was issued in the course of Lloyd's Underwriters' insurance business in Canada.

Form ICR2009 (02/21)



# **Fraudulent Conduct and Misrepresentation Clause**

The entire Contract of Insurance and any loss or claim thereunder will be void if, whether before or after a loss, an Insured has:

- (a) intentionally concealed or Intentionally misrepresented any material fact or circumstance;
- (b) engaged in fraudulent conduct; or
- (c) made false statements;

relating to the Contract of Insurance or any loss or claim thereunder.

In the event that any provision of this clause is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, the other provisions of this clause and the remainder of the provision in question shall not be affected thereby and shall remain in full force and effect.



# Service of Suit Clause (Canada) (Action Against Insurer)

In any action to enforce the obligations of the Underwriters they can be designated or named as "Lloyd's Underwriters" and such designation shall be binding on the Underwriters as if they had each been individually named as defendant. Service of such proceedings may validly be made upon the Attorney In Fact in Canada for Lloyd's Underwriters, whose address for such service is 1155, rue Metcalfe, Suite 2220, Montreal, Quebec, H3B 2V6.



# **Sanction Limitation and Exclusion Clause**

No (re)insurer shall be deemed to provide cover and no (re)insurer shall be liable to pay any claim or provide any benefit hereunder to the extent that the provision of such cover, payment of such claim or provision of such benefit would expose that (re)insurer to any sanction, prohibition or restriction under United Nations resolutions or the trade or economic sanctions, laws or regulations of the European Union, United Kingdom or United States of America.



# **Several Liability Clause**

### PLEASE NOTE – This notice contains important information. PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

The liability of an insurer under this contract is several and not joint with other insurers party to this contract. An insurer is liable only for the proportion of liability it has underwritten. An insurer is not jointly liable for the proportion of liability underwritten by any other insurer. Nor is an insurer otherwise responsible for any liability of any other insurer that may underwrite this contract.

The proportion of liability under this contract underwritten by an insurer (or, in the case of a Lloyd's syndicate, the total of the proportions underwritten by all the members of the syndicate taken together) is shown in this contract.

In the case of a Lloyd's syndicate, each member of the syndicate (rather than the syndicate itself) is an insurer. Each member has underwritten a proportion of the total shown for the syndicate (that total itself being the total of the proportions underwritten by all the members of the syndicate taken together). The liability of each member of the syndicate is several and not joint with other members. A member is liable only for that member's proportion. A member is not jointly liable for any other member's proportion. Nor is any member otherwise responsible for any liability of any other insurer that may underwrite this contract. The business address of each member is Lloyd's, One Lime Street, London EC3M 7HA. The identity of each member of a Lloyd's syndicate and their respective proportion may be obtained by writing to Market Services, Lloyd's, at the above address.

Although reference is made at various points in this clause to "this contract" in the singular, where the circumstances so require this should be read as a reference to contracts in the plural.



# **Canada Subscription Policy**

Lloyd's endorsement (only to be used in conjunction with LSW 1554 or an alternative subscription policy document containing the attributes of LSW 1554)

### PLEASE NOTE – This notice contains important information – PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

Whereas the Subscription Policy ("the Policy") has been entered into by the Coverholder in accordance with the authorization granted to the Coverholder by the underwriting members ("the members") of the Lloyd's syndicates as shown in the List of Subscribing Companies (and where the List of Subscribing Companies also notes the identity of the Coverholder);

Whereas the liability of each insurer under the Policy is several and not joint with other insurers party to the Policy;

The following additional provisions shall apply in respect of the participation of the members to the Policy. The following provisions are in addition to and not in substitution for the provisions, terms and condition as set out in the Policy (including any amendment or endorsement thereto).

#### Several liability

- 1. The proportion of liability under the Policy underwritten by the members of a Lloyd's syndicate (being the total of the proportions underwritten by all the members of the syndicate taken together) is as provided for in the binding authority agreement number shown in the List of Subscribing Companies, or which may be obtained on application to the Coverholder whose name is also noted in the List of Subscribing Companies.
- 2. In the case of a Lloyd's syndicate, each member of the syndicate (rather than the syndicate itself) is an insurer. Each member has underwritten a proportion of the total shown for the syndicate (that total being the total of the proportions of the total shown for the members of the syndicate taken together). The liability of each member of the syndicate is several and not joint with other members or other insurers. A member is liable only for that member's proportion. A member is not jointly liable for any other member's proportion. Nor is any member otherwise responsible for any liability of any other insurer that may underwrite the Policy. The business address of each member is Lloyd's, One Lime Street, EC3M 7HA, United Kingdom. The identity of each member of a Lloyd's syndicate and their respective proportion may be obtained in writing to Market Services, Lloyd's at the above address.
- 3. Although reference is made at various points in this endorsement to "the Policy" in the singular, where the circumstances so require this should be read as a reference to Policies in the plural.

#### **Action Against Insurer**

4. In any action to enforce the obligations of the members they can be designated or named as "Lloyd's Underwriters" and such designation shall be binding on the members as if they had been individually named as defendant. Service of such proceedings may be validly made upon the attorney-in-fact in Canada for Lloyd's Underwriters, whose address for service is Royal Bank Plaza South Tower, 200 Bay Street, Suite 2930, P.O. Box 51 Toronto, Ontario M5J2J2.

#### Notice

5. Any notice to the members may be validly given to the Coverholder whose signature and name appear in the List of Subscribing Companies.

LMA5190A 01 October 2020



# Made in Canada Clause

For the purpose of the *Insurance Companies Act* (Canada), this Canadian Policy was issued in the course of Lloyd's Underwriters' insurance business in Canada.

The business insured/reinsured herein meets the necessary conditions to qualify as, and is being transacted as, "insuring in Canada a risk" in accordance with Part XIII of the Insurance Companies Act (Canada).



# **Several Liability Notice**

The subscribing insurers' obligations under contracts of insurance to which they subscribe are several and not joint and are limited solely to the extent of their individual subscriptions. The subscribing insurers are not responsible for the subscription of any co-subscribing insurer who for any reason does not satisfy all or part of its obligation.



# **Cyber and Data Total Exclusion Endorsement**

(for attachment to International Liability forms)

- 1 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary within this Policy or any endorsement thereto this Policy does not apply to any loss, damage, liability, claim, fines, penalties, cost or expense of whatsoever nature directly or indirectly caused by, contributed to by, resulting from, arising out of or in connection with any:
  - 1.1 **Cyber Act** or **Cyber Incident** including, but not limited to, any action taken in controlling, preventing, suppressing or remediating any **Cyber Act** or **Cyber Incident**; or
  - 12 loss of use, reduction in functionality, repair, replacement, restoration, reproduction, loss or theft of any **Data**, including any amount pertaining to the value of such **Data**;

regardless of any other cause or event contributing concurrently or in any other sequence thereto.

- 2 In the event any portion of this endorsement is found to be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder shall remain in full force and effect.
- 3 This endorsement supersedes any other wording in the Policy or any endorsement thereto having a bearing on a **Cyber Act**, **Cyber Incident** or **Data**, and, if in conflict with such wording, replaces it.
- 4 If the Underwriters allege that by reason of this endorsement that loss sustained by the Insured is not covered by this Polic y, the burden of proving the contrary shall be upon the Insured.

### Definitions

- 5 **Computer System** means any computer, hardware, software, communications system, electronic device (including, but not limited to, smart phone, laptop, tablet, wearable device), server, cloud or microcontroller including any similar system or any configuration of the aforementioned and including any associated input, output, data storage device, networking equipment or back up facility, owned or operated by the Insured or any other party.
- 6 **Cyber Act** means an unauthorised, malicious or criminal act or series of related unauthorised, malicious or criminal acts, regardless of time and place, or the threat or hoax thereof involving access to, processing of, use of or operation of any **Computer System**.
- 7 Cyber Incident means:
  - 7.1 any error or omission or series of related errors or omissions involving access to, processing of, use of or operation of any **Computer System**; or
  - 72 any partial or total unavailability or failure or series of related partial or total unavailability or failures to access, process, use or operate any **Computer System**.
- 8. **Data** means information, facts, concepts, code or any other information of any kind that is recorded or transmitted in a form to be used, accessed, processed, transmitted or stored by a **Computer System**.

LMA5468 4 November 2020





# Lloyd's Underwriters' Policyholders' Complaint Protocol

Lloyd's strives to enhance your customer experience with us through superior service and innovative insurance products.

We have developed a formal complaint handling protocol in accordance with the Insurance Companies Act of Canada to ensure your concerns as our valued customer are addressed expeditiously by our representatives. This protocol will assist you in understanding the steps we will undertake to help resolve any dispute which may arise with our product or service. All complaints will be handled in a professional manner. All complaints will be investigated, acted upon, and responded to in writing or by telephone by a Lloyd's representative promptly after the receipt of the complaint. If you are not satisfied with our products or services, you can take the following steps to address the issue:

- Firstly, please contact the broker who arranged the insurance on your behalf about your concerns so that he or she may have the opportunity to help resolve the situation.
- If your broker is unable to help resolve your concerns, we ask that you provide us in writing an outline of your complaint along with the name of your broker and your policy number.

Please forward your complaint to:

Lloyd's Underwriters Attention: Complaints Officer: Royal Bank Plaza South Tower, 200 Bay Street, Suite 2930, P.O. Box 51 Toronto, Ontario M5J 2J2 Tel: 1-877-455-6937 E-mail: info@lloyds.ca

Your complaint will be directed to the appropriate business contact for handling. They will write to you within two business days to acknowledge receipt of your complaint and to let you know when you can expect a full response. If need be, we will also engage internal staff in Lloyd's Policyholder and Market Assistance Department in London, England, who will respond directly to you, and in the last stages, they will issue a final letter of position on your complaint.

In the event that your concerns are still not addressed to your satisfaction, you have the right to continue your pursuit to have your complaint reviewed by the following organizations:

<u>General Insurance OmbudService (GIO)</u>: assists in the resolution of conflicts between insurance customers and their insurance companies. The GIO can be reached at:

Toll free number: 1-877-225-0446 www.giocanada.org

### For Quebec clients:

Autorité des marchés financiers (AMF): The regulation of insurance companies in Quebec is administered by the AMF. If you remain dissatisfied with the manner in which your complaint has been handled, or with the results of the complaint protocol, you may send your complaint to the AMF who will study your file and who may recommend mediation, if it deems this action appropriate and if both parties agree to it. The AMF can be reached at

Toll Free: 1-877-525-0337 Québec: (418) 525-0337 Montréal: (514) 395-0311 www.lautorite.gc.ca

If you have a complaint specifically about Lloyd's Underwriters' complaints handling procedures you may contact the FCAC. <u>Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)</u> provides consumers with accurate and objective information about financial products and services, and informs Canadians of their rights and responsibilities when dealing with financial institutions. FCAC also ensures compliance with the federal consumer protection laws that apply to banks and federally incorporated trust, loan and insurance companies. The FCAC does not get involved in individual disputes. The FCAC can be reached at:

427 Laurier Avenue West, 6th Floor, Ottawa ON K1R 1B9 Services in English: 1-866-461-FCAC (3222) Services in French: 1-866-461-ACFC (2232) www.fcac-acfc.gc.ca

10/20 LSW1542F



# **Privacy: Notice Concerning Personal Information**

# WHO WE ARE

We are the Lloyd's underwriter(s) identified in the insurance contract and/or the certificate of insurance. Your privacy is important to us. This Privacy notice explains what personal information we collect, use and disclose about policyholders, beneficiaries, claimants and witnesses and for what purposes, in compliance with applicable Canadian privacy laws.

# WHAT PERSONAL INFORMATION WE COLLECT

Personal information is any information about an identified and or identifiable individual. The personal information that is collected for a clear and legitimate use and disclosure generally includes the following:

- Identification and contact information (name, address including postal code, country, telephone number, email address, month and date of birth, drivers licence, employer, job title, employment history, family details)
- Policy information (policy number, policy amounts, policy terms)
- · Claim information (claim number, information relating to a potential or existing claim)
- Payment information (credit card details, bank account details, credit score)
- · Other information related to your insurance cover or a claim only for legitimate business purposes

We also collect personal information about you when you visit <u>www.lloyds.com</u>. Further details can be found on our online Cookies policy at <u>http://www.lloyds.com/common/privacy-and-cookies-statement</u>

We will not use your personal information for marketing purposes and we will not sell your personal information to other parties.

### HOW WE USE YOUR INFORMATION

By purchasing insurance from certain Lloyd's Underwriters ("Lloyd's"), a customer provides Lloyd's with his or her explicit consent to the collection, use and disclosure of personal information. Meaningful consent is subject to the customer's understanding of the nature, purpose and consequences of the collection, use or disclosure of their personal information.

Information is generally collected, used, disclosed and stored in order to provide you with the insurance products that you have requested, including to:

- · Identify you and provide you with insurance cover
- Communicate with Lloyd's policyholders
- Calculate, collect or refund premiums
- Underwrite policies and facilitate policy administration
- Evaluate and process claims
- · Detect and prevent fraud, carry out anti-money laundering and sanctions checks
- · Investigate and prosecute fraud
- Meet our regulatory and other legal obligations
- · Enforce terms or exercise rights under the insurance contract
- · Analyze insurance risk and business results
- Improve our services and offerings
- Provide general client care
- Defend or prosecute legal claims
- Renew your insurance policy
- Transfer of books of business, company sales and reorganisations

Or as may be otherwise required or authorized by law.

### YOUR INFORMATION MAY BE SHARED AND DISCLOSED;

In order to fulfil the purposes described in this Privacy notice, we may share your personal information with other third parties that we have engaged to provide services on our behalf, or who otherwise assist us in providing you with services, such as affiliated organizations, sub-contractors, agents/coverholders, legal counsel, insurers, brokers, reinsurers, loss adjusters and other service providers.

We will limit this disclosure to only the Personal Information that is reasonably necessary for the purpose or service for which the third party or affiliate will provide. We will use contractual and other means to provide a comparable level of protection while the information is being processed by these service providers, including limiting such providers to using your Personal Information solely to provide Lloyd's with the specific service for which they were engaged, and for no other purpose. You can obtain more information about our policies and practices with respect to the use of Personal Information by Third Party Service Providers by contacting us as described below, under the section "How to Contact Us" at the end of this document.

Some of these entities may be located outside Canada, therefore your information may be processed in a foreign jurisdiction, where it will be subject to the laws of that jurisdiction, which may be different than the laws in your province. Personal information that is stored or processed outside Canada may also be accessible to the law enforcement and national security authorities of that jurisdiction.

We may also share or transfer your Personal Information where reasonably required in the context of a sale, merger or amalgamation of all or part of our business or the insurance or securitization of our assets. In any such case, the recipient parties will be contractually required to keep the information confidential and use it only for the purposes of the transaction, or proposed transaction, in question. In the event a business transaction is affected, assignees or successors of Lloyd's or our business or assets, or those of our a filiated entities, may use and disclose Personal Information only for the purposes as set out in this Privacy notice, unless further consent is obtained.

We may also share your Personal Information with law enforcement, national security agencies or other governmental officials, as required or permitted by law, such as in response to a court order or a verified request relating to a criminal investigation or alleged illegal activity, where we are legally obligated to contribute information to compulsory insurance databases, or where required to detect, prevent or prosecute fraud.

# AUTHORITY TO COLLECT, USE AND DISCLOSE PERSONAL INFORMATION

When you share information with us for particular purposes, such as providing you with insurance, you give us explicit consent to collect, use and disclose your information for those purposes. Canadian law also authorizes us to collect, use and disclose personal information without consent in certain circumstances prescribed by law, which may include the following:

- Detecting or suppressing fraud
- Investigating or preventing financial abuse
- For communication with the next to kin or authorized representative of an injured, ill or deceased individual
- Investigating a breach of an agreement or a contravention of the laws of Canada or a foreign jurisdiction where obta ining consent would compromise the availability or accuracy of the information
- · Witness statement necessary to assess, process or settle insurance claims
- Information that is produced in the course of an individual's employment, business or profession

There may be situations where we need your additional consent to collect, use, and disclose information about you. In those situations, we will ask you for consent separately. You do not have to give your consent and, subject to legal and contractual restrictions, you can withdraw your consent to us collecting, using and disclosing your information at any time. However, withdrawing your consent may affect our ability to provide you with insurance cover or other services.

### RETENTION AND SECURITY

We retain personal information for as long as necessary to provide you with insurance cover and meet the other purposes for collection, use and disclosure described in this Privacy notice, or as otherwise required or permitted by law. When your Pe rsonal Information is no longer required, we will make all reasonable efforts to ensure all electronic and hard copies of such information are securely destroyed and irreversibly deleted from our systems.

We use various physical, technical and administrative security measures, appropriate to the sensitivity of the personal information, that are designed to protect against loss, theft, unauthorized access, disclosure, copying, use or modification by. Although we will take reasonable measures to protect personal information, the transmission of information through the internet or other electronic means is not guaranteed to be secure and may create risks for the privacy and security of your information.

### HOW TO ACCESS YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION

Subject to certain exceptions provided by applicable law, you have the right to access your personal information, request corrections about your personal information if you identify any inaccuracies, and request that we delete your information. If you would I ike to exercise any of these rights, please contact the Ombudsperson at info@lloyds.ca.

The Ombudsperson can also provide additional information about Lloyd's policies and practices, answer questions about the collection, use, disclosure or storage of personal information by Lloyd's and its service providers located outside Canada, as well as discuss any complaints you may have regarding the collection, use and disclosure of your personal information.

### CHANGES

We may amend this Privacy notice from time to time as our business evolves, in response to legal developments, as new technologies become available, or as we introduce new features, products or services.

When we make changes to wording of this Privacy notice we will revise the "last updated" date at the bottom of this Privacy notice. You should check back here periodically to find out if any changes have been made to this Privacy notice. If we make substantial changes we will, as appropriate prominently post these changes to our Site or notify registered Users directly.

# HOW TO CONTACT US

Further information about Lloyd's personal information protection policy may be obtained by visiting, <u>https://www.lloyds.com/lloyds-around-the-world/americas/canada/market-conduct</u> from your broker, or by contacting Lloyd's by phone: 514 861 8361, 1 877 455 6937 or email: <u>info@lloyds.ca</u>.



# Code of Consumer Rights and Responsibilities

Insurers (including Lloyd's Underwriters), along with the brokers and agents who sell home, auto and business insurance are committed to safeguarding your rights both when you shop for insurance and when you submit a claim following a loss. Your rights include the right to be informed fully, to be treated fairly, to timely complaint resolution, and to privacy. These rights are grounded in the contract between you and your insurer and the insurance laws of your province. With rights, however, come responsibilities including, for example, the expectation that you will provide complete and accurate information to your insurer. Your policy outlines other important responsibilities. Insurers and their distribution networks, and governments also have important roles to play in ensuring that your rights are protected.

#### **RIGHT TO BE INFORMED**

You can expect to access clear information about your policy, your coverage, and the claims settlement process. You have the right to an easy-to-understand explanation of how insurance works and how it will meet your needs. You also have a right to know how insurers calculate price based on relevant facts. Under normal circumstances, insurers will advise an insurance customer or the customer's intermediary of changes to, or the cancellation of a policy within a reasonable prescribed period prior to the expiration of the policy, if the customer provides information required for determining renewal terms of the policy within the time prescribed, which could vary by province, but is usually 45 days prior to expiry of the policy.

You have the right to ask who is providing compensation to your broker or agent for the sale of your insurance. Your broker or agent will provide information detailing for you how he or she is paid, by whom, and in what ways.

You have a right to be told about insurers' compensation arrangements with their distribution networks. You have a right to ask the broker or agent with whom you deal for details of how and by whom it is being paid. Brokers and agents are committed to providing information relating to ownership, financing, and other relevant facts.

#### **RESPONSIBILITY** to Ask Questions and Share Information

To safeguard your right to purchase appropriate coverage at a competitive price, you should ask questions about your policy so that you understand what it covers and what your obligations are under it. You can access information through one-on-one meetings with your broker or agent. You have the option to shop the marketplace for the combination of coverages and service levels that best suits your insurance needs. To maintain your protection against loss, you must promptly inform your broker or agent of any change in your circumstances.

#### **RIGHT** to Complaint Resolution

Insurers, their brokers and agents are committed to high standards of customer service. If you have a complaint about the service you have received, you have a right to access Lloyd's Underwriters' complaint resolution process for Canada. Your agent or broker can provide you with information about how you can ensure that your complaint is heard and promptly handled. Consumers may also contact their respective provincial insurance regulator for information. Lloyd's is a member of an independent complaint resolution office, the General Insurance OmbudService.

### **RESPONSIBILITY** to Resolve Disputes

You should always enter into the dispute resolution process in good faith, provide required information in a timely manner, and remain open to recommendations made by independent observers as part of that process.

#### **RIGHT** to Professional Service

You have the right to deal with insurance professionals who exhibit a high ethical standard, which includes acting with hones ty, integrity, fairness and skill. Brokers and agents must exhibit extensive knowledge of the product, its coverages and its limitations in order to best serve you.

#### **RIGHT** to Privacy

Because it is important for you to disclose any and all information required by an insurer to provide the insurance coverage that best suits you, you have the right to know that your information will be used for the purpose set out in the privacy statement made available to you by your broker, agent or insurance representative. This information will not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted by law. You should know that Lloyd's Underwriters are subject to Canada's privacy laws - with respect to their business in Canada.



# **Statutory Conditions (Fire)**

#### **Misrepresentation**

1. If a person applying for insurance falsely describes the property to the prejudice of the insurer, or misrepresents or fraudulently omits to communicate any circumstance that is material to be made known to the insurer in order to enable it to judge of the risk to be undertaken, the contract is void as to any property in relation to which the misrepresentation or omission is material.

#### **Property of Others**

2. Unless otherwise specifically stated in the contract, the insurer is not liable for loss or damage to property owned by any person other than the insured, unless the interest of the insured therein is stated in the contract.

#### Change of Interest

3. The insurer is liable for loss or damage occurring after an authorized assignment under the *Bankruptcy Act* (Canada) or change of title by succession, by operation of law, or by death.

### **Material Change**

4. Any change material to the risk and within the control and knowledge of the insured avoids the contract as to the part affected thereby, unless the change is promptly notified in writing to the insurer or its local agent, and the insurer when so notified may return the unearned portion, if any, of the premium paid and cancel the contract, or may notify the insured in writing that, if the insured desires the contract to continue in force, the insured must, within fifteen days of the receipt of the notice, pay to the insurer an additional premium, and in default of such payment the contract is no longer in force and the insurer shall return the unearned portion, if any, of the premium paid.

#### Termination

- 5. 1. This contract may be terminated,
  - (a) by the insurer giving to the insured fifteen days' notice of termination by registered mail or five days' written notice of termination personally delivered;
  - (b) by the insured at any time on request.
  - 2. Where this contract is terminated by the insurer,
    - (a) the insurer shall refund the excess of premium actually paid by the insured over the pro rata premium for the expired time, but, in no event, shall the pro rata premium for the expired time be deemed to be less than any minimum retained premium specified; and
    - (b) the refund shall accompany the notice unless the premium is subject to adjustment or determination as to amount, in which case the refund shall be made as soon as practicable.
  - 3 Where this contract is terminated by the insured, the insurer shall refund as soon as practicable the excess of the premium actually paid by the insured over the short rate premium for the expired time, but in no event shall the short rate premium for the expired time be deemed to be less than any minimum retained premium specified.
  - 4. The refund may be made by money, postal or express company money order or cheque payable at par.
  - 5. The fifteen days mentioned in clause 1(a) of this condition commences to run on the day following the receipt of the registered letter at the post office to which it is addressed.

#### **Requirements After Loss**

- 6. 1. Upon the occurrence of any loss of or damage to the insured property, the insured shall, if the loss or damage is covered by the contract, in addition to observing the requirements of conditions 9, 10 and 11,
  - (a) forthwith give notice thereof in writing to the insurer;
  - (b) deliver as soon as practicable to the insurer a proof of loss verified by a statutory declaration,
    - (i) giving a complete inventory of the destroyed and damaged property and showing in detail quantities, costs, actual cash value and particulars of amount of loss claimed,
    - (ii) stating when and how the loss occurred, and if caused by fire or explosion due to ignition, how the fire or explosion originated, so far as the insured knows or believes,
    - (iii) stating that the loss did not occur through any wilful act or neglect or the procurement, means or connivance of the insured,
    - (iv) showing the amount of other insurances and the names of other insurers,
    - (v) showing the interest of the insured and of all others in the property with particulars of all liens, encumbrances and other charges upon the property,
    - (vi) showing any changes in title, use, occupation, location, possession or exposures of the property since the issue of the contract,
    - (vii) showing the place where the property insured was at the time of loss;
  - (c) if required, give a complete inventory of undamaged property and showing in detail quantities, cost, actual cash value;
  - (d) if required and if practicable, produce books of account, warehouse receipts and stock lists, and furnish invoices and other vouchers verified by statutory declaration, and furnish a copy of the written portion of any other contract.
  - 2. The evidence furnished under clauses 1(c) and (d) of this condition shall not be considered proofs of loss within the meaning of conditions 12 and 13.

#### Fraud

7. Any fraud or wilfully false statement in a statutory declaration in relation to any of the above particulars, vitiates the claim of the person making the declaration.

### Who May Give Notice and Proof

8. Notice of loss may be given and proof of loss may be made by the agent of the insured named in the contract in case of absence or inability of the insured to give the notice or make the proof, and absence or inability being satisfactorily accounted for, or in the like case, or if the insured refuses to do so, by a person to whom any part of the insurance money is payable.

#### Salvage

- The insured, in the event of any loss or damage to any property insured under the contract, shall take all reasonable steps to prevent further damage to such property so damaged and to prevent damage to other property insured hereunder including, if necessary, its removal to prevent damage or further damage thereto.
  - 2. The insurer shall contribute *pro rata* towards any reasonable and proper expenses in connection with steps taken by the insured and required under subparagraph (1) of this condition according to the respective interests of the parties.

#### Entry, Control, Abandonment

10. After loss or damage to insured property, the insurer has an immediate right of access and entry by accredited agents sufficient to enable them to survey and examine the property, and to make an estimate of the loss or damage, and, after the insured has secured the property, a further right of access and entry sufficient to enable them to make appraisement or particular estimate of the loss or damage, but the insurer is not entitled to the control or possession of the insured property, and without the consent of the insurer there can be no abandonment to it of insured property.

# Appraisal

11. In the event of disagreement as to the value of the property insured, the property saved or the amount of the loss, those questions shall be determined by appraisal as provided under the *Insurance Act* before there can be any recovery under this contract whether the right to recover on the contract is disputed or not, and independently of all other questions. There shall be no right to an appraisal until a specific demand therefor is made in writing and until after proof of loss has been delivered.

## When Loss Payable

12. The loss is payable within sixty days after completion of the proof of loss, unless the contract provides for a shorter period.

### Replacement

- 13. 1. The insurer, instead of making payment, may repair, rebuild, or replace the property damaged or lost, giving written notice of its intention so to do within thirty days after receipt of the proofs of loss.
  - 2. In that event the insurer shall commence to so repair, rebuild, or replace the property within forty-five days after receipt of the proofs of loss, and shall thereafter proceed with all due diligence to the completion thereof.

### Action

- 14. Every action or proceeding against the insurer for the recovery of a claim under or by virtue of this contract is absolutely barred unless commenced within one year\* next after the loss or damage occurs.
- \* Two years in the Province of Manitoba and the Northwest and Yukon Territories.

Saskatchewan Statutory Condition 14 is repealed. See The Limitations Act, S.S. 2004, c.L-16.1.

#### Notice

15. Any written notice to the insurer may be delivered at, or sent by registered mail to, the chief agency or head office of the insurer in the Province. Written notice may be given to the insured named in the contract by letter personally delivered to the insured or by registered mail addressed to the insured at the insured's latest post office address as notified to the insurer. In this condition, the expression "registered" means registered in or outside Canada.



# **Statutory Conditions**

The conditions as set out below apply to all of the perils insured by this policy either as STATUTORY CONDITIONS or as contractual conditions as the law may require.

### 1. Misrepresentation

If a person applying for insurance falsely describes the property to the prejudice of the insurer, or misrepresents or fraudulently omits to communicate any circumstance that is material to be made known to the insurer in order to enable it to judge of the risk to be undertaken, the contract is void as to any property in relation to which the misrepresentation or omission is material.

### 2. Property of Others

Unless otherwise specifically stated in the contract, the insurer is not liable for loss or damage to property owned by any person other than the insured, unless the interest of the insured therein is stated in the contract.

#### 3. Change of Interest

The insurer is liable for loss or damage occurring after an authorized assignment under the *Bankruptcy Act* (Canada) or change of title by succession, by operation of law, or by death.

#### 4. Material Change

Any change material to the risk and within the control and knowledge of the insured avoids the contract as to the part affected thereby, unless the change is promptly notified in writing to the insurer or its local agent, and the insurer when so notified may return the unearned portion, if any, of the premium paid and cancel the contract, or may notify the insured in writing that, if the insured desires the contract to continue in force, the insured must, within fifteen days of the receipt of the notice, pay to the insurer an additional premium, and in default of such payment the contract is no longer in force and the insurer shall return the unearned portion, if any, of the premium paid.

### 5. Termination

- 1. This contract may be terminated,
  - (a) by the insurer giving to the insured fifteen days' notice of termination by registered mail or five days' written notice of termination personally delivered;
  - (b) by the insured at any time on request.
- 2. Where this contract is terminated by the insurer,
  - (a) the insurer shall refund the excess of premium actually paid by the insured over the *pro rata* premium for the expired time, but, in no event, shall the *pro rata* premium for the expired time be deemed to be less than any minimum retained premium specified; and
  - (b) the refund shall accompany the notice unless the premium is subject to adjustment or determination as to amount, in which case the refund shall be made as soon as practicable.
- 3. Where this contract is terminated by the insured, the insurer shall refund as soon as practicable the excess of the premium actually paid by the insured over the short rate premium for the expired time, but in no event shall the short rate premium for the expired time be deemed to be less than any minimum retained premium specified.
- 4. The refund may be made by money, postal or express company money order or cheque payable at par.
- 5. The fifteen days mentioned in clause 1(a) of this condition commences to run on the day following the receipt of the registered letter at the post office to which it is addressed.

### 6. Requirements After Loss

- 1. Upon the occurrence of any loss of or damage to the insured property, the insured shall, if the loss or damage is covered by the contract, in addition to observing the requirements of conditions 9, 10 and 11,
  - (a) forthwith give notice thereof in writing to the insurer;
  - (b) deliver as soon as practicable to the insurer a proof of loss verified by a statutory declaration,
    - 1. giving a complete inventory of the destroyed and damaged property and showing in detail quantities, costs, actual cash value and particulars of amount of loss claimed,
    - stating when and how the loss occurred, and if caused by fire or explosion due to ignition, how the fire or explosion originated, so far as the insured knows or believes,
    - (iii) stating that the loss did not occur through any willful act or neglect or the procurement, means or connivance of the insured,
    - (iv) showing the amount of other insurances and the names of other insurers,
    - (v) showing the interest of the insured and of all others in the property with particulars of all liens, encumbrances and other charges upon the property,
    - (vi) showing any changes in title, use, occupation, location, possession or exposures of the property since the issue of the contract,
    - (vii) showing the place where the property insured was at the time of loss;
  - (c) if required, give a complete inventory of undamaged property and showing in detail quantities, cost, actual cash value;

- (d) if required and if practicable, produce books of account, warehouse receipts and stock lists, and furnish invoices and other vouchers verified by statutory declaration, and furnish a copy of the written portion of any other contract.
- 2. The evidence furnished under clauses 1(c) and (d) of this condition shall not be considered proofs of loss within the meaning of conditions 12 and 13.

### 7. Fraud

Any fraud or wilfully false statement in a statutory declaration in relation to any of the above particulars, vitiates the claim of the person making the declaration.

### 8. Who May Give Notice and Proof

Notice of loss may be given and proof of loss may be made by the agent of the insured named in the contract in case of absence or inability of the insured to give the notice or make the proof, and absence or inability being satisfactorily accounted for, or in the like case, or if the insured refuses to do so, by a person to whom any part of the insurance money is payable.

#### 9. Salvage

- 1. The insured, in the event of any loss or damage to any property insured under the contract, shall take all reasonable steps to prevent further damage to such property so damaged and to prevent damage to other property insured hereunder including, if necessary, its removal to prevent damage or further damage thereto.
- 2 The insurer shall contribute *pro rata* towards any reasonable and proper expenses in connection with steps taken by the insured and required under subparagraph (1) of this condition according to the respective interests of the parties.

### 10. Entry, Control, Abandonment

After loss or damage to insured property, the insurer has an immediate right of access and entry by accredited agents sufficient to enable them to survey and examine the property, and to make an estimate of the loss or damage, and, after the insured has secured the property, a further right of access and entry sufficient to enable them to make appraisement or particular estimate of the loss or damage, but the insurer is not entitled to the control or possession of the insured property, and without the consent of the insurer there can be no abandonment to it of insured property.

#### 11. Appraisal

In the event of disagreement as to the value of the property insured, the property saved or the amount of the loss, those questions shall be determined by appraisal as provided under the *Insurance Act* before there can be any recovery under this contract whether the right to recover on the contract is disputed or not, and independently of all other questions. There shall be no right to an appraisal until a specific demand therefor is made in writing and until after proof of loss has been delivered.

# 12. When Loss Payable

The loss is payable within sixty days after completion of the proof of loss, unless the contract provides for a shorter period.

#### 13. Replacement

- 1. The insurer, instead of making payment, may repair, rebuild, or replace the property damaged or lost, giving written notice of its intention so to do within thirty days after receipt of the proofs of loss.
- 2. In that event the insurer shall commence to so repair, rebuild, or replace the property within forty-five days after receipt of the proofs of loss, and shall thereafter proceed with all due diligence to the completion thereof.

### 14. Action

Every action or proceeding against the insurer for the recovery of a claim under or by virtue of this contract is absolutely barred unless commenced within one year\* next after the loss or damage occurs.

\* Two years in the Province of Manitoba and the Northwest and Yukon Territories.

Saskatchewan Statutory Condition 14 is repealed. See The Limitations Act, S.S. 2004, c.L-16.1.

#### 15. Notice

Any written notice to the insurer may be delivered at, or sent by registered mail to, the chief agency or head office of the insurer in the Province. Written notice may be given to the insured named in the contract by letter personally delivered to the insured or by registered mail addressed to the insured at the insured's latest post office address as notified to the insurer. In this condition, the expression "registered" means registered in or outside Canada.

### ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

#### 1. Notice to Authorities

Where the loss is due to malicious acts, burglary, robbery, theft, or attempt thereat, or is suspected to be so due, the Insured shall give immediate notice thereof to the police or other authorities having jurisdiction.

### 2. No Benefit to Bailee

It is warranted by the Insured that this insurance shall in no way enure directly or indirectly to the benefit of any carrier or other bailee.

# 3. Pair and Set

In the case of loss of or damage to any article or articles, whether scheduled or unscheduled which are a part of a set, the measure of loss of or damage to such article or articles shall be a reasonable and fair proportion of the total value of the set, but in no event shall such loss or damage be construed to mean total loss of set.

# 4. Parts

In the case of loss of or damage to any part of the insured property whether scheduled or unscheduled, consisting, when complete for use, of several parts, the Insurer is not liable for more than the insured value of the part lost or damaged, including the cost of installation.

# 5. Sue and Labour

It is the duty of the insured in the event that any property insured hereunder is lost to take all reasonable steps in and about the recovery of such property. The Insurer shall contribute pro rata towards any reasonable and proper expenses in connection with the foregoing according to the respective interests of the parties.

# 6. Basis of Settlement

Unless otherwise provided, the Insurer is not liable beyond the actual cash value of the property at the time any loss or damage occurs and the loss or damage shall be ascertained or estimated according to such actual cash value with proper deduction for depreciation, however caused, and shall in no event exceed what it would then cost to repair or replace the same with material of like kind and quality.

# 7. Subrogation

The insurer, upon making any payment or assuming liability therefore under this Policy, shall be subrogated to all rights of recovery of the Insured against any person, and may bring action in the name of the Insured to enforce such rights. Where the net amount recovered after deducting the costs of recovery is not sufficient to provide a complete indemnity for the loss or damage suffered, that amount shall be divided between the Insurer and the Insured in the proportions in which the loss or damage has been borne by them respectively.



# **Statutory Conditions (Alberta)**

### 1. Misrepresentation

1.1. If a person applying for insurance falsely describes the property to the prejudice of the insurer, or misrepresents or fraudu lently omits to communicate any circumstance that is material to be made known to the insurer in order to enable it to judge the risk to be undertaken, the contract is void as to any property in relation to which the misrepresentation or omission is material

# 2. Property of others

2.1. The insurer is not liable for loss or damage to property owned by a person other than the insured unless

2.1.1. otherwise specifically stated in the contract, or

2.1.2. the interest of the insured in that property is stated in the contract.

# 3. Change of interest

**3.1.** The insurer is liable for loss or damage occurring after an authorized assignment under the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act* (Canada) or a change of title by succession, by operation of law or by death.

### 4. Material change in risk

- 4.1. The insured must promptly give notice in writing to the insurer or its agent of a change that is
  - 4.1.1. material to the risk, and
  - 4.1.2. within the control and knowledge of the insured.
- **4.2.** If an insurer or its agent is not promptly notified of a change under subparagraph (1) of this condition, the contract is void as to the part affected by the change.
- 4.3. If an insurer or its agent is notified of a change under subparagraph (1) of this condition, the insurer may
  - 4.3.1. terminate the contract in accordance with Statutory Condition 5,

4.3.1.1.1.1.1 or

- **4.3.2.** notify the insured in writing that, if the insured desires the contract to continue in force, the insured must, within 15 days after receipt of the notice, pay to the insurer an additional premium specified in the notice.
- **4.4.** If the insured fails to pay an additional premium when required to do so under subparagraph (3) (b) of this condition, the contract is terminated at that time and Statutory Condition 5 (2) (a) applies in respect of the unearned portion of the premium.

### 5. Termination of insurance

- 5.1. The contract may be terminated
  - **5.1.1.** by the insurer giving to the insured 15 days' notice of termination by registered mail or 5 days' written notice of termination personally delivered, or
  - 5.1.2. by the insured at any time on request.
- 5.2. If the contract is terminated by the insurer,
  - **5.2.1.** the insurer must refund the excess of premium actually paid by the insured over the prorated premium for the expired time, but in no event may the prorated premium for the expired time be less than any minimum retained premium specified in the contract, and
  - **5.2.2.** the refund must accompany the notice unless the premium is subject to adjustment or determination as to amount, in which case the refund must be made as soon as practicable.
- **5.3.** If the contract is terminated by the insured, the insurer must refund as soon as practicable the excess of premium actually paid by the insured over the short rate premium for the expired time specified in the contract, but in no event may the short rate premium for the expired time be less than any minimum retained premium specified in the contract.
- **5.4.** The 15 day period referred to in subparagraph (1) (a) of this condition starts to run on the day the registered letter or notification of it is delivered to the insured's postal address.

#### 6. Requirements after loss

- **6.1.** On the happening of any loss of or damage to insured property, the insured must, if the loss or damage is covered by the contract, in addition to observing the requirements of Statutory Condition 9,
  - 6.1.1. immediately give notice in writing to the insurer,
  - **6.1.2.** deliver as soon as practicable to the insurer a proof of loss in respect of the loss or damage to the insured property verified by statutory declaration,
    - **6.1.2.1.** giving a complete inventory of that property and showing in detail quantities and cost of that property and particulars of the amount of loss claimed,
    - **6.1.2.2.** stating when and how the loss occurred, and if caused by fire or explosion due to ignition, how the fire or explosion originated, so far as the insured knows or believes,
    - 6.1.2.3. stating that the loss did not occur through any wilful act or neglect or the procurement, means or connivance of the insured,
    - 6.1.2.4. stating the amount of other insurances and the names of other insurers,
    - 6.1.2.5. stating the interest of the insured and of all others in that property with particulars of all liens, encumbrances and other charges on that property,
    - 6.1.2.6. stating any changes in title, use, occupation, location, possession or exposure of the property since the contract was issued, and
    - 6.1.2.7. stating the place where the insured property was at the time of loss,
  - **6.1.3.** if required by the insurer, give a complete inventory of undamaged property showing in detail quantities and cost of that property, and
  - 6.1.4. if required by the insurer and if practicable,
    - 6.1.4.1. produce books of account and inventory lists,
    - 6.1.4.2. furnish invoices and other vouchers verified by statutory declaration, and
    - 6.1.4.3. furnish a copy of the written portion of any other relevant contract.
- **6.2.** The evidence given, produced or furnished under subparagraph (1) (c) and (d) of this condition must not be considered proofs of loss within the meaning of Statutory Conditions 12 and 13.

#### 7. Fraud

7.1. Any fraud or wilfully false statement in a statutory declaration in relation to the particulars required under Statutory Condition 6 invalidates the claim of the person who made the declaration.

#### 8. Who may give notice and proof

- 8.1. Notice of loss under Statutory Condition 6 (1) (a) may be given and the proof of loss under Statutory Condition 6 (1) (b) may be made
  - 8.1.1. by the agent of the insured, if
    - 8.1.1.1. the insured is absent or unable to give the notice or make the proof, and
    - 8.1.1.2. the absence or inability is satisfactorily accounted for, or
  - **8.1.2.** by a person to whom any part of the insurance money is payable, if the insured refuses to do so or in the circumstances described in clause (a) of this condition.

#### 9. Salvage

- **9.1.** In the event of loss or damage to insured property, the insured must take all reasonable steps to prevent further loss or damage to that property and to prevent loss or damage to other property insured under the contract, including, if necessary, removing the property to prevent loss or damage or further loss or damage to the property.
- **9.2.** The insurer must contribute on a prorated basis towards any reasonable and proper expenses in connection with steps taken by the insured under subparagraph (1) of this condition.

#### 10. Entry, control, abandonment

10.1. After loss or damage to insured property, the insurer has

- **10.1.1.** an immediate right of access and entry by accredited representatives sufficient to enable them to survey and examine the property, and to make an estimate of the loss or damage, and
- **10.1.2.** after the insured has secured the property, a further right of access and entry by accredited representatives sufficient to enable them to appraise or estimate the loss or damage, but
- 10.1.3. without the insured's consent, the insurer is not entitled to the control or possession of the insured property, and
- **10.1.4.** without the insurer's consent, there can be no abandonment to it of the insured property.

#### 11. In case of disagreement

- 11.1. In the event of disagreement as to the value of the insured property, the value of the property saved, the nature and extent of the repairs or replacements required or, if made, their adequacy, or the amount of the loss or damage, those questions must be determined using the applicable dispute resolution process set out in the *Insurance Act*, whether or not the insured's right to recover under the contract is disputed, and independently of all other questions.
- 11.2. There is no right to a dispute resolution process under this condition until
  - 11.2.1. a specific demand is made for it in writing, and
  - **11.2.2.** the proof of loss has been delivered to the insurer.

#### 12. When loss payable

**12.1.** Unless the contract provides for a shorter period, the loss is payable within 60 days after the proof of loss is completed in accordance with Statutory Condition 6 and delivered to the insurer.

#### 13. Repair or replacement

- **13.1.** Unless a dispute resolution process has been initiated, the insurer, instead of making payment, may repair, rebuild or replace the insured property lost or damaged, on giving written notice of its intention to do so within 30 days after receiving the proof of loss.
- **13.2.** If the insurer gives notice under subparagraph (1) of this condition, the insurer must begin to repair, rebuild or replace the property within 45 days after receiving the proof of loss, and must proceed with all due diligence to complete the work within a reasonable time.

#### 14. Notice

- **14.1.** Written notice to the insurer may be delivered at, or sent by registered mail to, the chief agency or head office of the insurer in the province.
- **14.2.** Written notice to the insured may be personally delivered at, or sent by registered mail addressed to, the insured's last known address as provided to the insurer by the insured.



## **Statutory Conditions (British Columbia)**

## 1. Misrepresentation

**1.1.** If a person applying for insurance falsely describes the property to the prejudice of the insurer, or misrepresents or fraudulently omits to communicate any circumstance that is material to be made known to the insurer in order to enable it to judge the risk to be undertaken, the contract is void as to any property in relation to which the misrepresentation or omission is material.

## 2. Property of others

- 2.1. The insurer is not liable for loss or damage to property owned by a person other than the insured unless2.1.1. otherwise specifically stated in the contract, or
  - 2.1.2. the interest of the insured in that property is stated in the contract.

#### 3. Change of interest

**3.1.** The insurer is liable for loss or damage occurring after an authorized assignment under the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act* (Canada) or a change of title by succession, by operation of law or by death.

## 4. Material change in risk

- 4.1. The insured must promptly give notice in writing to the insurer or its agent of a change that is
  - 4.1.1. material to the risk, and
  - **4.1.2.** within the control and knowledge of the insured.
- **4.2.** If an insurer or its agent is not promptly notified of a change under subparagraph (1) of this condition, the contract is void as to the part affected by the change.
- 4.3. If an insurer or its agent is notified of a change under subparagraph (1) of this condition, the insurer may
  - 4.3.1. terminate the contract in accordance with Statutory Condition 5,

#### or

- **4.3.2.** notify the insured in writing that, if the insured desires the contract to continue in force, the insured must, within 15 days after receipt of the notice, pay to the insurer an additional premium specified in the notice.
- **4.4.** If the insured fails to pay an additional premium when required to do so under subparagraph (3) (b) of this condition, the contract is terminated at that time and Statutory Condition 5 (2) (a) applies in respect of the unearned portion of the premium.

## 5. Termination of insurance

- 5.1. The contract may be terminated
  - **5.1.1.** by the insurer giving to the insured 15 days' notice of termination by registered mail or 5 days' written notice of termination personally delivered, or
  - 5.1.2. by the insured at any time on request.
- 5.2. If the contract is terminated by the insurer,
  - **5.2.1.** the insurer must refund the excess of premium actually paid by the insured over the prorated premium for the expired time, but in no event may the prorated premium for the expired time be less than any minimum retained premium specified in the contract, and
  - **5.2.2.** the refund must accompany the notice unless the premium is subject to adjustment or determination as to amount, in which case the refund must be made as soon as practicable.
- **5.3.** If the contract is terminated by the insured, the insurer must refund as soon as practicable the excess of premium actually paid by the insured over the short rate premium for the expired time specified in the contract, but in no event may the short rate premium for the expired time be less than any minimum retained premium specified in the contract.
- **5.4.** The 15 day period referred to in subparagraph (1) (a) of this condition starts to run on the day the registered letter or notification of it is delivered to the insured's postal address.

## 6. Requirements after loss

- **6.1.** On the happening of any loss of or damage to insured property, the insured must, if the loss or damage is covered by the contract, in addition to observing the requirements of Statutory Condition 9,
  - 6.1.1. immediately give notice in writing to the insurer,
  - **6.1.2.** deliver as soon as practicable to the insurer a proof of loss in respect of the loss or damage to the insured property verified by statutory declaration,
  - **6.1.3.** giving a complete inventory of that property and showing in detail quantities and cost of that property and particulars of the amount of loss claimed,

- **6.1.4.** stating when and how the loss occurred, and if caused by fire or explosion due to ignition, how the fire or explosion originated, so far as the insured knows or believes,
- 6.1.5. stating that the loss did not occur through any wilful act or neglect or the procurement, means or connivance of the insured,
- 6.1.6. stating the amount of other insurances and the names of other insurers,
- **6.1.7.** stating the interest of the insured and of all others in that property with particulars of all liens, encumbrances and other charges on that property,
- **6.1.8.** stating any changes in title, use, occupation, location, possession or exposure of the property since the contract was issued, and
- 6.1.9. stating the place where the insured property was at the time of loss,
- **6.1.10.** if required by the insurer, give a complete inventory of undamaged property showing in detail quantities and cost of that property, and
- 6.1.11. if required by the insurer and if practicable,
- 6.1.12. produce books of account and inventory lists,
- 6.1.13. furnish invoices and other vouchers verified by statutory declaration, and
- 6.1.14. furnish a copy of the written portion of any other relevant contract.
- **6.1.15.** The evidence given, produced or furnished under subparagraph (1) (c) and (d) of this condition must not be considered proofs of loss within the meaning of Statutory Conditions 12 and 13.

#### 7. Fraud

**7.1.** Any fraud or wilfully false statement in a statutory declaration in relation to the particulars required under Statutory Condition 6 invalidates the claim of the person who made the declaration.

#### 8. Who may give notice and proof

- 8.1. Notice of loss under Statutory Condition 6 (1) (a) may be given and the proof of loss under Statutory Condition 6 (1) (b) may be made
- 8.2. by the agent of the insured, if
- 8.3. the insured is absent or unable to give the notice or make the proof, and
- 8.4. the absence or inability is satisfactorily accounted for, or
- **8.5.** by a person to whom any part of the insurance money is payable, if the insured refuses to do so or in the circumstances described in clause (a) of this condition.

#### 9. Salvage

- **9.1.** In the event of loss or damage to insured property, the insured must take all reasonable steps to prevent further loss or damage to that property and to prevent loss or damage to other property insured under the contract, including, if necessary, removing the property to prevent loss or damage or further loss or damage to the property.
- **9.2.** The insurer must contribute on a prorated basis towards any reasonable and proper expenses in connection with steps taken by the insured under subparagraph (1) of this condition.

## 10. Entry, control, abandonment

- 10.1. After loss or damage to insured property, the insurer has
- **10.2.** an immediate right of access and entry by accredited representatives sufficient to enable them to survey and examine the property, and to make an estimate of the loss or damage, and
- **10.3.** after the insured has secured the property, a further right of access and entry by accredited representatives sufficient to enable them to appraise or estimate the loss or damage, but
- 10.4. without the insured's consent, the insurer is not entitled to the control or possession of the insured property, and
- 10.5. without the insurer's consent, there can be no abandonment to it of the insured property.

## 11. In case of disagreement

- **11.1.** In the event of disagreement as to the value of the insured property, the value of the property saved, the nature and extent of the repairs or replacements required or, if made, their adequacy, or the amount of the loss or damage, those questions must be determined using the applicable dispute resolution process set out in the *Insurance Act*, whether or not the insured's right to recover under the contract is disputed, and independently of all other questions.
  - 11.1.1. There is no right to a dispute resolution process under this condition until
  - **11.1.2.** a specific demand is made for it in writing, and
  - **11.1.3.** the proof of loss has been delivered to the insurer.

## 12. When loss payable

**12.1.** Unless the contract provides for a shorter period, the loss is payable within 60 days after the proof of loss is completed in accordance with Statutory Condition 6 and delivered to the insurer.

## 13. Repair or replacement

- **13.1.** Unless a dispute resolution process has been initiated, the insurer, instead of making payment, may repair, rebuild or replace the insured property lost or damaged, on giving written notice of its intention to do so within 30 days after receiving the proof of loss.
- **13.2.** If the insurer gives notice under subparagraph (1) of this condition, the insurer must begin to repair, rebuild or replace the property within 45 days after receiving the proof of loss, and must proceed with all due diligence to complete the work within a reasonable time.

## 14. Notice

- **14.1.** Written notice to the insurer may be delivered at, or sent by registered mail to, the chief agency or head office of the insurer in the province.
  - **14.1.1.** Written notice to the insured may be personally delivered at, or sent by registered mail addressed to, the insured's last known address as provided to the insurer by the insured.



## **Statutory Conditions (Manitoba)**

#### 1. Misrepresentation

a. If a person applying for insurance falsely describes the property to the prejudice of the insurer, or misrepresents or fraudulently omits to communicate any circumstance that is material to be made known to the insurer in order to enable it to judge the risk to be undertaken, the contract is void as to any property in relation to which the misrepresentation or omission is material.

#### 2. Property of others

a.

- The insurer is not liable for loss or damage to property owned by a person other than the insured unless
  - i. otherwise specifically stated in the contract, or
  - ii. the interest of the insured in that property is stated in the contract.

#### 3. Change of interest

a. The insurer is liable for loss or damage occurring after an authorized assignment under the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act* (Canada) or a change of title by succession, by operation of law or by death.

#### 4. Material change in risk

- a. The insured must promptly give notice in writing to the insurer or its agent of a change that is
  - i. material to the risk, and
  - ii. within the control and knowledge of the insured.
- **b.** If an insurer or its agent is not promptly notified of a change under subparagraph (1) of this condition, the contract is void as to the part affected by the change.
- c. If an insurer or its agent is notified of a change under subparagraph (1) of this condition, the insurer may
  - i. terminate the contract in accordance with Statutory Condition 5,
    - or
    - **ii.** notify the insured in writing that, if the insured desires the contract to continue in force, the insured must, within 15 days after receipt of the notice, pay to the insurer an additional premium specified in the notice.
- **d.** If the insured fails to pay an additional premium when required to do so under subparagraph (3) (b) of this condition, the contract is terminated at that time and Statutory Condition 5 (2) (a) applies in respect of the unearned portion of the premium.

## 5. Termination of contract

- a. The contract may be terminated
  - i. by the insurer giving to the insured 15 days' notice of termination by registered mail or 5 days' written notice of termination personally delivered, or
  - ii. by the insured at any time on request.
- b. If the contract is terminated by the insurer,
  - i. the insurer must refund the excess of premium actually paid by the insured over the prorated premium for the expired time, but in no event may the prorated premium for the expired time be less than any minimum retained premium specified in the contract, and
  - **ii.** the refund must accompany the notice unless the premium is subject to adjustment or determination as to amount, in which case the refund must be made as soon as practicable.
- c. If the contract is terminated by the insured, the insurer must refund as soon as practicable the excess of premium actually paid by the insured over the short rate premium for the expired time specified in the contract, but in no event may the short rate premium for the expired time be less than any minimum retained premium specified in the contract.
- d. The 15-day period referred to in subparagraph (1) (a) of this condition starts to run on the day the registered letter or notification of it is delivered to the insured's postal address.

## 6. Requirements after loss

- **a.** On the happening of any loss or damage to insured property, the insured must, if the loss or damage is covered by the contract, in addition to observing the requirements of Statutory Condition 9,
  - i. immediately give notice in writing to the insurer,
  - ii. deliver as soon as practicable to the insurer a proof of loss in respect of the loss or damage to the insured property verified by statutory declaration
  - **iii.** giving a complete inventory of that property and showing in detail quantities and costs of that property and particulars of the amount of loss claimed,
  - iv. stating when and how the loss occurred, and if caused by fire or explosion due to ignition, how the fire or explosion originated, so far as the insured knows or believes,
  - v. stating that the loss did not occur through any wilful act or neglect or the procurement, means or connivance of the insured,
  - vi. stating the amount of other insurances and the names of other insurers,

- vii. stating the interest of the insured and of all others in that property with particulars of all liens, encumbrances and other charges on that property,
- viii. stating any changes in title, use, occupation, location, possession or exposure of the property since the contract was issued, and
- ix. stating the place where the insured property was at the time of loss,
- **x.** if required by the insurer, give a complete inventory of undamaged property showing in detail quantities and cost of that property, and
- xi. if required by the insurer and if practicable,
- xii. produce books of account and inventory lists,
- xiii. furnish invoices and other vouchers verified by statutory declaration, and
- **xiv.** furnish a copy of the written portion of any other relevant contract.
- **b.** The evidence given, produced or furnished under subparagraph (1) (c) and (d) of this condition must not be considered
  - proofs of loss within the meaning of Statutory Conditions 12 and 13.

## 7. Fraud

**a.** Any fraud or wilfully false statement in a statutory declaration in relation to the particulars required under Statutory Condition 6 invalidates the claim of the person who made the declaration.

## 8. Who may give notice and proof

- a. Notice of loss under Statutory Condition 6 (1) (a) may be given and the proof of loss under of Statutory Condition 6 (1) (b) may be made
  - i. by the agent of the insured if
  - ii. the insured is absent or unable to give the notice or make the proof, and
  - iii. the absence or inability is satisfactorily accounted for, or
  - iv. by a person to whom any part of the insurance money is payable, if the insured refuses to do so, or in the circumstances described in clause (a) of this condition.

#### 9. Salvage

- a. In the event of loss or damage to insured property, the insured must take all reasonable steps to prevent further loss or damage to that property and to prevent loss or damage to other property insured under the contract, including, if necessary, removing the property to prevent loss or damage or further loss or damage to the property.
- **b.** The insurer must contribute on a prorated basis towards any reasonable and proper expenses in connection with steps taken by the insured under subparagraph (1) of this condition.

#### 10. Entry, control, abandonment

- **a.** After loss or damage to insured property, the insurer has
- **b.** an immediate right of access and entry by accredited representatives sufficient to enable them to survey and examine the property, and to make an estimate of the loss or damage, and
- c. after the insured has secured the property, a further right of access and entry by accredited representatives sufficient to enable them to appraise or estimate the loss or damage, but
- d. without the insured's consent, the insurer is not entitled to the control or possession of the insured property, and
- e. without the insurer's consent, there can be no abandonment to it of the insured property.

## 11. In case of disagreement

- **a.** In the event of disagreement as to the value of the insured property, the value of the property saved, the nature and extent of the repairs or replacements required or, if made, their adequacy, or the amount of the loss or damage, those questions must be determined using the applicable dispute resolution process set out in the *Insurance Act* whether or not the insured's right to recover under the contract is disputed, and independently of all other questions.
- b. There is no right to a dispute resolution process under this condition until
  - i. a specific demand is made for it in writing, and
  - ii. proof of loss has been delivered to the insurer.

## 12. When loss payable

a. Unless the contract provides for a shorter period, the loss is payable within 60 days after the proof of loss is completed in accordance with Statutory Condition 6 and delivered to the insurer.

## 13. Replacement

- a. Unless a dispute resolution process has been initiated, the insurer, instead of making payment, may repair, rebuild or replace the insured property lost or damaged, on giving written notice of its intention to do so within 30 days after receiving the proof of loss.
- b. If the insurer gives notice under subparagraph (1) of this condition, the insurer must begin to repair, rebuild or replace the property within 45 days after receiving the proof of loss and must proceed with all due diligence to complete the work within a reasonable time.

### 14. Notice

- **a.** Written notice to the insurer may be delivered at, or sent by registered mail to, the chief agency or head office of the insurer in the province.
- **b.** Written notice to the insured may be personally delivered at, or sent by registered mail addressed to the insured's last known address as provided to the insurer by the insured.



# **Cancellation Clause**

NOTWITHSTANDING anything contained in this Insurance to the contrary this Insurance may be cancelled by the Insured at any time by written notice or by surrendering of this contract of insurance. This Insurance may also be cancelled by or on behalf of the Underwriters by delivering to the Insured or by mailing to the Insured, by registered, certified or other first class mail, at the Insured's address as shown in this Insurance, written notice stating when, not less than 30 days thereafter, the cancellation shall be effective. The mailing of notice as aforesaid shall be sufficient proof of notice and this Insurance shall terminate at the date and hour specified in such no tice.

If this Insurance shall be cancelled by the Insured the Underwriters shall retain the customary short rate proportion of the premium hereon, except that if this Insurance is on an adjustable basis the Underwriters shall receive the earned premium hereon or the customary short rate proportion of any minimum premium stipulated herein whichever is the greater.

If this Insurance shall be cancelled by or on behalf of the Underwriters the Underwriters shall retain the pro rata proportion of the premium hereon, except that if this Insurance is on an adjustable basis the Underwriters shall receive the earned premium hereon or the pro rata proportion of any minimum premium stipulated herein whichever is the greater.

Payment or tender of any unearned premium by the Underwriters shall not be a condition precedent to the effectiveness of Cancellation but such payment shall be made as soon as practicable.

If the period of limitation relating to the giving of notice is prohibited or made void by any law controlling the construction thereof, such period shall be deemed to be amended so as to be equal to the minimum period of limitation permitted by such law.



# **English Language Clause**

The Named Insured, for itself and all Insureds, consents to this Policy and all notices required hereunder being drafted and delivered in the English language.

L'assure, en son nom propre et au nom de tous les assures, consent expressément a ce que le présent contrat et tous les avis exiges par les présentes soient rédiges et transmis en anglais.



## Quebec Amendatory Endorsement Quebec Civil Code Amendment (From Cicc077 12-03)

Where this policy is required to be interpreted by the law of the Province of Quebec then the policy provisions shall be deemed to be amended to comply with the applicable provisions of the Quebec Civil Code, but only to the extent necessary to comply with requirements of the Quebec Civil Code and only to the extent that the Quebec Civil Code in law governs this contract. Every action or proceeding against an insurer for the recovery of insurance money payable under the contract is absolutely barred unless commenced within the time set out in the Quebec Civil Code.



## **Asbestos Exclusion Clause**

This Policy does not cover any claims of any kind whatsoever directly or indirectly relating to, arising out of or in consequence of:

- 1. the actual, alleged or threatened presence of or exposure to asbestos in any form whatsoever, or
- 2. any obligation, request, demand, order, or statutory or regulatory requirement that any Insured or others test for, monitor, clean up, remove, contain, treat, neutralize, protect against, indemnify for any costs or damages relating to or in any other way respond to the actual, alleged or threatened presence of asbestos in any form whatsoever.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Policy, Insurers will have no duty to investigate, defend or pay defence costs in respect of any claim excluded in whole or in part under paragraphs (1) or (2) hereof.

All other terms and conditions of the Policy remain unchanged.



## **Microorganism Exclusion (Absolute)**

This Policy does not insure any loss, damage, claim, cost, expense or other sum directly or indirectly arising out of or relating to: mold, mildew, fungus, spores or other microorganism of any type, nature, or description, including but not limited to any substance whose presence poses an actual or potential threat to human health.

This Exclusion applies regardless whether there is (i) any physical loss or damage to insured property; (ii) any insured peril or cause, whether or not contributing concurrently or in any sequence; (iii) any loss of use, occupancy, or functionality; or (iv) any action required, including but not limited to repair, replacement, removal, cleanup, abatement, disposal, relocation, or steps taken to address medical or legal concerns.

This Exclusion replaces and supersedes any provision in the Policy that provides insurance, in whole or in part, for these matters.



## **Electronic Date Recognition Exclusion (EDRE)**

This policy does not cover any loss, damage, cost, claim or expense, whether preventative, remedial or otherwise, directly or indirectly arising out of or relating to:

a) the calculation, comparison, differentiation, sequencing or processing of data involving the date change to the year 2000, or any other date change, including leap year calculations, by any computer system, hardware, programme or software and/or any microchip, integrated circuit or similar device in computer equipment or non-computer equipment, whether the property of the insured or not; or

b) any change, alteration, or modification involving the date change to the year 2000, or any other date change, including leap year calculations, to any such computer system, hardware, programme or software and/or any microchip, integrated circuit or similar device in computer equipment or non-computer equipment, whether the property of the insured or not.

This clause applies regardless of any other cause or event that contributes concurrently or in any sequence to the loss, damage, cost, claim or expense.



## **Electronic Data Endorsement D**

#### 1. Electronic Data Exclusion

- 1.1. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary within the Policy or any endorsement thereto, it is understood and agreed as follows:
  - 1.1.1. This Policy does not insure loss, damage, destruction, distortion, erasure, corruption or alteration of ELECTRONIC DATA from any cause whatsoever (including but not limited to COMPUTER VIRUS) or loss of use, reduction in functionality, cost, expense of whatsoever nature resulting therefrom, regardless of any other cause or event contributing concurrently or in any other sequence to the loss.
  - 1.1.2. ELECTRONIC DATA means facts, concepts and information converted to a form useable for communications, interpretation or processing by electronic and electromechanical data processing or electronically controlled equipment and includes programmes, software and other coded instructions for the processing and manipulation of data or the direction and manipulation of such equipment.
  - 1.1.3. COMPUTER VIRUS means a set of corrupting, harmful or otherwise unauthorised instructions or code including a set of maliciously introduced unauthorised instructions or code, programmatic or otherwise, that propagate themselves through a computer system or network of whatsoever nature. COMPUTER VIRUS includes but is not limited to 'Trojan Horses', 'worms' and 'time or logic bombs'.

#### 2. Electronic Data Processing Media Valuation

- 2.1. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary within the Policy or any endorsement thereto, it is understood and agreed as follows:
  - 2.1.1. Should electronic data processing media insured by this Policy suffer physical loss or damage insured by this Policy, then the basis of valuation shall be the cost of the blank media plus the costs of copying the ELECTRONIC DATA from backup or from originals of a previous generation. These costs will not include research and engineering nor any costs of recreating, gathering or assembling such ELECTRONIC DATA. If the media is not repaired, replaced or restored the basis of valuation shall be the cost of the blank media. However this Policy does not insure any amount pertaining to the value of such ELECTRONIC DATA to the Assured or any other party, even if such ELECTRONIC DATA cannot be recreated, gathered or assembled.



## **Terrorism Exclusion Endorsement**

Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary within this insurance or any endorsement thereto it is agreed that this insurance excludes loss, damage, cost or expense of whatsoever nature directly or indirectly caused by, resulting from or in connection with any act of terrorism regardless of any other cause or event contributing concurrently or in any other sequence to the loss.

For the purpose of this endorsement an act of terrorism means an act, including but not limited to the use of force or violence and/or the threat thereof, of any person or group(s) of persons, whether acting alone or on behalf of or in connection with any organisation(s) or government(s), committed for political, religious, ideological or similar purposes including the intention to influence any government and/or to put the public, or any section of the public, in fear.

This endorsement also excludes loss, damage, cost or expense of whatsoever nature directly or indirectly caused by, resulting from or in connection with any action taken in controlling, preventing, suppressing or in any way relating to any act of terrorism.

If the Underwriters allege that by reason of this exclusion, any loss, damage, cost or expense is not covered by this insurance the burden of proving the contrary shall be upon the Assured.

In the event any portion of this endorsement is found to be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder shall remain in full force and effect.



## **Additional Agreements and Conditions**

- A. STANDARD MORTGAGE CLAUSE (approved by the Insurance Bureau of Canada) IT IS HEREBY PROVIDED AND AGREED THAT
  - 1. BREACH OF CONDITIONS BY MORTGAGOR, OWNER OR OCCUPANT This insurance and every documented renewal

thereof--AS TO THE INTEREST OF THE MORTGAGEE ONLY THEREIN--is and shall be in force notwithstanding any act, neglect, omission or misrepresentation attributable to the mortgagor, owner or occupant of the property insured, including transfer of interest, any vacancy or non-occupancy, or the occupation of the property for purposes more hazardous than specified in the description of the risk;

PROVIDED ALWAYS that the Mortgagee shall notify forthwith the Insurer (if known) of any vacancy or non-occupancy extending beyond thirty (30) consecutive days, or of any transfer of interest or increased hazard THAT SHALL COME TO HIS KNOWLEDGE; and that every increase of hazard (not permitted by the Policy) shall be paid for by the Mortgagee--on reasonable demand--from the date such hazard existed, according to the established scale of rates for the acceptance of such increased hazard, during the continuance of this insurance.

2. RIGHT OF SUBROGATION - Whenever the Insurer pays the Mortgagee any loss award under this Policy and claims that

--as to the Mortgagor or Owner--no liability therefor existed, it shall be legally subrogated to all rights of the Mortgagee against the Insured; but any subrogation shall be limited to the amount of such loss payment and shall be subordinate and subject to the basic right of the Mortgagee to recover the full amount of its mortgage equity in priority to the Insurer; or the Insurer may at its option pay the Mortgagee all amounts due or to become due under the mortgage or on the security thereof, and shall thereupon receive a full assignment and transfer of the mortgage together with all securities held as collateral to the mortgage debt.

- 3. OTHER INSURANCE If there be other valid and collectible insurance upon the property with loss payable to the Mortgagee--at law or in equity--then any amount payable thereunder shall be taken into account in determining the amount payable to the Mortgagee.
- 4. WHO MAY GIVE PROOF OF LOSS In the absence of the Insured, or the inability, refusal or neglect of the Insured to give notice of loss or deliver the required Proof of Loss under the Policy, then the Mortgagee may give the notice upon becoming aware of the loss and deliver as soon as practicable the Proof of Loss.
- 5. TERMINATION The term of this mortgage clause coincides with the term of the Policy; PROVIDED ALWAYS that the Insurer reserves the right to cancel the Policy as provided by Statutory provision but agrees that the Insurer will neither terminate nor alter the Policy to the prejudice of the Mortgagee without the notice stipulated in such Statutory provision.
- 6. FORECLOSURE Should title or ownership to said property become vested in the Mortgagee and/or assigns as owner or purchaser under foreclosure or otherwise, this insurance shall continue until expiry or cancellation for the benefit of the said Mortgagee and/or assigns.

SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF THIS MORTGAGE CLAUSE (and these shall supersede any policy provisions in conflict therewith BUT ONLY AS TO THE INTEREST OF THE MORTGAGEE), loss under this policy is made payable to the Mortgagee.

## B. APPLICATION OF DEDUCTIBLE

Should one occurrence give rise to the application of more than one deductible, only the largest individual deductible amount shall apply.

## C. COMMERCIAL PROPERTY POLICY CONDITIONS (Applicable in all jurisdictions except the Province of Québec)

- 1. MISREPRESENTATION If a person applying for insurance falsely describes the property to the prejudice of the Insurer, or misrepresents or fraudulently omits to communicate any circumstance that is material to be made known to the Insurer in order to enable it to judge of the risk to be undertaken, the contract is void as to any property in relation to which the misrepresentation or omission is material.
- 2. PROPERTY OF OTHERS Unless otherwise specifically stated in the contract, the Insurer is not liable for loss or damage to property owned by any person other than the Insured, unless the interest of the Insured therein is stated in the contract.
- 3. CHANGE OF INTEREST The Insurer is liable for loss or damage occurring after an authorized assignment under the Bankruptcy Act or change of title by succession, by operation of law, or by death.
- 4. MATERIAL CHANGE Any change material to the risk and within the control and knowledge of the Insured avoids the contract as to the part affected thereby, unless the change is promptly notified in writing to the Insurer or its local agent, and the Insurer when so notified may return the unearned portion, if any, of the premium paid and cancel the contract, or may notify the Insured in writing that, if he desires the contract to continue in force, he must, within fifteen days of the receipt of the notice, pay to the Insurer an additional premium, and in default of such payment the contract is no longer in force and the Insurer shall return the unearned portion, if any, of the premium paid.
- 5. TERMINATION
  - i) This contract may be terminated
    - (a) by the Insurer giving to the Insured fifteen days' notice of termination by registered mail or five days' written

notice of termination personally delivered

(b) by the Insured at any time on request.

- Where this contract is terminated by the Insurer,
  - (a) the Insurer shall refund the excess of premium actually paid by the Insured over the pro rata premium for the expired time, but, in no event, shall the pro rata premium for the expired time be deemed to be less than any minimum retained premium specified, and
  - (b) the refund shall accompany the notice unless the premium is subject to adjustment or determination as to amount, in which case the refund shall be made as soon as practicable.
- iii) Where this contract is terminated by the Insured, the Insurer shall refund as soon as practicable the excess of the premium actually paid by the Insured over the short rate premium for the expired time, but in no event shall the short rate premium for the expired time be deemed to be less than any minimum retained premium specified.
- iv) The refund may be made by money, postal or express company money order or cheque payable at par.
- v) The fifteen days mentioned in clause (a) of subcondition i) of this condition commences to run on the day following the receipt of the registered letter at the post office to which it is addressed.
- 6. REQUIREMENTS AFTER LOSS

ii)

- i) Upon the occurrence of any loss of or damage to the insured property, the Insured shall, if the loss or damage is covered by the contract, in addition to observing the requirements of conditions 9, 10 and 11
  - (a) forthwith give notice thereof in writing to the Insurer
  - (b) deliver as soon as practicable to the Insurer a proof of loss verified by a statutory declaration.
    - giving a complete inventory of the destroyed and damaged property and showing in detail quantities, costs, actual cash value and particulars of amount of loss claimed
    - (ii) stating when and how the loss occurred, and if caused by fire or explosion due to ignition, how the fire or explosion originated, so far as the Insured knows or believes
    - (iii) stating that the loss did not occur through any willful act or neglect or the procurement, means or connivance of the Insured
    - (iv) showing the amount of other insurances and the names of other Insurers
    - (v) showing the interest of the Insured and of all others in the property with particulars of all liens, encumbrances and other charges upon the property
    - (vi) showing any changes in title, use, occupation, location, possession or exposures of the property since the issue of the contract
    - (vii) showing the place where the property insured was at the time of loss
  - (c) if required, give a complete inventory of undamaged property and showing in detail quantities, cost, actual cash value
  - (d) if required and if practicable, produce books of account, warehouse receipts and stock lists, and furnish invoices and other vouchers verified by statutory declaration, and furnish a copy of the written portion of any other contract.
- ii) The evidence furnished under clauses (c) and (d) of sub-paragraph i) of this condition shall not be considered proofs of loss within the meaning of conditions 12 and 13.
- 7. FRAUD Any fraud or willfully false statement in a statutory declaration in relation to any of the above particulars, vitiates the claim of the person making the declaration.
- 8. WHO MAY GIVE NOTICE AND PROOF Notice of loss may be given and proof of loss may be made by the agent of the

Insured named in the contract in case of absence or inability of the Insured to give the notice or make the proof, and absence or inability being satisfactorily accounted for, or in the like case, or if the Insured refuses to do so, by a person to whom any part of the insurance money is payable.

- 9. SALVAGE
  - i) The Insured, in the event of any loss or damage to any property insured under the contract, shall take all reasonable steps to prevent further damage to such property so damaged and to prevent damage to other property insured hereunder including, if necessary, its removal to prevent damage or further damage thereto.
  - ii) The Insurer shall contribute pro rata towards any reasonable and proper expenses in connection with steps taken by the Insured and required under sub-paragraph i) of this condition according to the respective interests of the parties.
- 10. ENTRY, CONTROL, ABANDONMENT After loss or damage to insured property, the Insurer has an immediate right of access and entry by accredited agents sufficient to enable them to survey and examine the property, and to make an estimate of the loss or damage, and, after the Insured has secured the property, a further right of access and entry sufficient to enable them to make appraisement or particular estimate of the loss or damage, but the Insurer is not entitled to the control or possession of the insured property, and without the consent of the Insurer there can be no abandonment to it of insured property.
- 11. APPRAISAL In the event of disagreement as to the value of the property insured, the property saved or the amount of the loss, those questions shall be determined by appraisal as provided under The Insurance Act before there can be any recovery under this contract whether the right to recover on the contract is disputed or not, and independently of all other questions. There shall be no right to an appraisal until a specific demand therefor is made in writing and until after proof of loss has been delivered.

- 12. WHEN LOSS PAYABLE The loss is payable within sixty (60) days after completion of the proof of loss, unless the contract provides for a shorter period.
- 13. REPLACEMENT
  - i) The Insurer, instead of making payment, may repair, rebuild, or replace the property damaged or lost, giving written notice of its intention so to do within thirty (30) days after receipt of the proofs of loss.
  - ii) In that event the Insurer shall commence to so repair, rebuild, or replace the property within forty-five (45) days after receipt of the proofs of loss, and shall thereafter proceed with all due diligence to the completion thereof.
- 14. ACTION Every action or proceeding against the Insurer for the recovery of any claim under or by virtue of this contract is absolutely barred unless commenced within one year\* next after the loss or damage occurs. \* two years in Province of Manitoba and Yukon Territory.

Saskatchewan Statutory Condition 14 is repealed. See The Limitations Act, S.S. 2004, c.L-16.1

- **15.** NOTICE Any written notice to the Insurer may be delivered at, or sent by registered mail to, the chief agency or head office of the Insurer in the Province. Written notice may be given to the Insured named in the contract by letter personally delivered to him or by registered mail addressed to him at his latest post office address as notified to the Insurer. In this condition, the expression "registered" means registered in or outside Canada.
- **16.** CONTRIBUTION If on the happening of any loss or damage to property in consequence of which a claim is or may be made under this policy there is in force more than one contract covering the same interest, the liability of the Insurer hereunder shall be limited to its rateable proportion of such claim.

## D. ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS (Applicable in all jurisdictions except the Province of Québec)

- 1. NOTICE TO AUTHORITIES Where the loss is due to malicious acts, burglary, robbery, theft, or attempt thereat, or is suspected to be so due, the Insured shall give immediate notice thereof to the police or other authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. NO BENEFIT TO BAILEE It is warranted by the Insured that this insurance shall in no wise enure directly or indirectly to the benefit of any carrier or other bailee.
- 3. PAIR AND SET In the case of loss of or damage to any article or articles, whether scheduled or unscheduled, which are a part of a set, the measure of loss of or damage to such article or articles shall be a reasonable and fair proportion of the total value of the set, but in no event shall such loss or damage be construed to mean total loss of set.
- 4. PARTS In the case of loss of or damage to any part of the insured property whether scheduled or unscheduled, consisting,

when complete for use, of several parts, the Insurer is not liable for more than the insured value of the part lost or damaged, including the cost of installation.

- 5. SUE AND LABOUR It is the duty of the Insured in the event that any property insured hereunder is lost to take all reasonable steps in and about the recovery of such property. The Insurer shall contribute pro rata towards any reasonable and proper expenses in connection with the foregoing according to the respective interests of the parties.
- 6. BASIS OF SETTLEMENT Unless otherwise provided, the Insurer is not liable beyond the actual cash value of the property at the time any loss or damage occurs and the loss or damage shall be ascertained or estimated according to such actual cash value with proper deduction for depreciation, however caused, and shall in no event exceed what it would then cost to repair or replace the same with material of like kind and quality.
- 7. SUBROGATION The Insurer, upon making any payment or assuming liability therefor under this Policy, shall be subrogated to all rights of recovery of the Insured against any person, and may bring action in the name of the Insured to enforce such rights. Where the net amount recovered after deducting the costs of recovery is not sufficient to provide a complete indemnity for the loss or damage suffered, that amount shall be divided between the Insurer and the Insured in the proportions in which the loss or damage has been borne by them respectively.

## E. GENERAL CONDITIONS (Applicable in the Province of Québec)

This policy is subject to the Civil Code of the Province of Québec

Reference to Civil Code articles in some instances is for easier reading only and should not be construed as exact quotations. For all coverages except where inapplicable.

- 1. STATEMENTS
  - 1.1 Representation of risk (article 2408)

The client, and the Insured if the Insurer requires it, is bound to represent all the facts known to him which are likely to materially influence an insurer in the setting of the premium, the appraisal of the risk or the decision to cover it, but he is not bound to represent facts known to the Insurer or which from their notoriety he is presumed to know, except in answer to inquiries.

- The client means the person submitting an insurance application.
- 1.2 Material change in risk (articles 2466 and 2467)

The Insured shall promptly notify the Insurer of any change that increases the risks stipulated in the policy and that results from events within his control if it is likely to materially influence an insurer in setting the rate of the premium, appraising the risk or deciding to continue to insure it.

On being notified of any material change in the risk, the Insurer may cancel the contract or propose, in writing, a new rate of premium. Unless the new premium is accepted and paid by the Insured within thirty days of the proposal, the policy ceases to be in force.

1.3 Misrepresentations or concealment (Articles 2410, 2411 and 2466)

Any misrepresentation or concealment of relevant facts mentioned in section 1.1 and in the first paragraph of section 1.2 by the client or the Insured nullifies the contract at the instance of the Insurer, even in respect of losses not connected with the risk so misrepresented or concealed.

Unless the bad faith of the client or of the Insured is established or unless it is established that the Insurer would not have covered the risk if he had known the true facts, the Insurer remains liable towards the Insured for such proportion of the indemnity as the premium he collected bears to the premium he should have collected.

1.4 Warranties (Article 2412)

Any increase in risk resulting from a breach of warranty suspends the coverage until accepted by the Insurer or until such breach has been remedied by the Insured.

- 2. GENERAL PROVISIONS
  - 2.1 Insurable interest (Articles 2481 and 2484) (Applicable only to property insurance)

A person has an insurable interest in a property where the loss or deterioration of the property may cause him direct and immediate damage. It is necessary that the insurable interest exist at the time of the loss but not necessary that the same interest have existed throughout the duration of the contract. The insurance of a property in which the Insured has no insurable interest is null.

2.2 Changes (Article 2405)

The terms of this policy shall not be waived or changed except by endorsement.

2.3 Assignment (Articles 2475 and 2476)

This policy may be assigned only with the consent of the Insurer and in favour of a person who has an insurable interest in the insured property.

Upon the death or bankruptcy of the Insured or the assignment of his interest in the insurance to a co-Insured, the insurance continues in favour of the heir, trustee in bankruptcy or remaining Insured, subject to his performing the obligations that were incumbent upon the Insured.

2.4 Books and records

The Insurer and its authorized representatives shall have the right to examine the Insured's books and records related to the subject matter of this insurance at any time during the period of this policy and the three subsequent years.

2.5 Inspection

The Insurer and its authorized representatives shall have the right but are not obligated to make inspections of the risk, inform the Insured of the conditions found and recommend changes. Any inspections, surveys, findings or recommendations relate only to insurability and the premiums to be charged. They shall not constitute a warranty that the premises, property or operations are safe or healthful or comply with laws, codes or standards.

2.6 Currency

All limits of insurance, premiums and other amounts as expressed in this policy are in Canadian currency.

3. LOSSES

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3.1 Notice of loss (Article 2470)

The Insured shall notify the Insurer of any loss which may give rise to an indemnity, as soon as he becomes aware of it. Any interested person may give such notice.

In the event that the requirement set out in the preceding paragraph is not fully complied with, all rights to compensation shall be forfeited by the Insured where such non-compliance has caused prejudice to the Insurer. Information to be provided (Article 2471)

The Insured shall inform the Insurer as soon as possible of all the circumstances surrounding the loss, including its probable cause, the nature and extent of the damage, the location of the insured property, the rights of third parties, and any concurrent insurance; he shall also furnish him with vouchers and swear or warrant to the truth of the information.

Where, for a serious reason, the Insured is unable to fulfil such obligation, he is entitled to a reasonable time in which to do so. If the Insured fails to fulfil his obligation, any interested person may do so on his behalf.

In addition, the Insured shall forthwith send to the Insurer a copy of any notice, letter, subpoena or writ or document received in connection with a claim.

- 3.3 False representation (Article 2472) Any deceitful representation entails the loss of the right of the person making it to any indemnity in respect of the risk to which the representation relates. However, if the occurrence of the event insured against entails the loss of both movable and immovable property or of both property for occupational use and personal property, forfeiture is incurred only with respect to the class of property to which the representation relates.
  3.4 Intentional Fault (Article 2464) The Insurer is never liable to compensate for injury resulting from the Insured's intentional fault
  - The Insurer is never liable to compensate for injury resulting from the Insured's intentional fault. Where there is more than one Insured, the obligation of coverage remains in respect of those Insureds who have not committed an intentional fault. Where the Insurer is liable for injury caused by a person for whose acts the Insured is liable, the obligation of
- coverage subsists regardless of the nature or gravity of that person's fault.
- 3.5 Notice to police (applicable to property insurance only)

The Insured must promptly give notice to the police of any loss caused by vandalism, theft or attempted theft or other criminal act.

- 3.6 Safeguarding and examination of property (Article 2495) (applicable to property insurance only) At the expense of the Insurer, the Insured must take all reasonable steps to prevent further loss or damage to the insured property and any further loss or damage resulting directly or indirectly from the Insured's failure to take such action shall not be recoverable. The Insured may not abandon the damaged property if there is no agreement to that effect. The Insured shall facilitate the salvage and inspection of the insured property by the Insurer. He shall, in particular, permit the Insurer and his representatives to visit the premises and examine the insured property before repairing, removing or modifying the damaged property, unless so required to safeguard the property.
  3.7 Admission of liability and cooperation The Insured shall cooperate with the Insurer in the processing of all claims (The following two paragraphs are applicable to liability insurance only: article 2504) No transaction made without the consent of the Insurer may be set up against him. The Insured shall not admit any liability nor settle or attempt to settle any claim, except at his own risk.
- 3.8 Right of action (Article 2502) (applicable to liability insuranceonly) The Insurer may set up against the injured third person any grounds he could have invoked against the Insured at the time of the loss, but not grounds pertaining to facts that occurred after the loss; the Insurer has a right of action against the Insured in respect of facts that occurred after the loss.
- 4. COMPENSATION AND SETTLEMENT
  - 4.1 Basis of settlement (Articles 2490, 2491, 2493) (applicable to property insurance only)

Unless otherwise provided, the Insurer shall not be liable for more than the actual cash value of the property at the time of loss as normally determined.

In unvalued policies, the amount of insurance does not make proof of the value of the insured property. In valued policies, the agreed value makes complete proof, between the Insurer and the Insured, of the value of the insured property.

If the amount of insurance is less than the value of the property the Insurer is released by paying the amount of the insurance in the event of total loss or a proportional indemnity in the event of partial loss.

- 4.2 Pair and set (applicable to property insurance only) In the case of loss of or damage to any article or articles, whether scheduled or unscheduled, which are part of a set, the measure of loss of or damage to such article or articles shall be a reasonable and fair proportion of the total value of the set, but in no event shall such loss or damage be construed to mean total loss of set.
- 4.3 Parts (applicable to property insurance only) In the case of loss of or damage to any part of the insured property, whether scheduled or unscheduled, consisting, when complete for use, of several parts, the Insurer is not liable for more than the insured value of the part lost or damaged, including the cost of installation.
- 4.4 Replacement (Article 2494) (applicable to property insurance only) Subject to the rights of preferred and hypothecary creditors, the Insurer reserves the right to repair, rebuild or replace the insured property. He is then entitled to salvage and may take over the property.
- 4.5 Time of payment (Articles 1591, 2469 and 2473) The Insurer shall pay the indemnity within sixty days after receiving the notice of loss or, at his request, all relevant information and vouchers, provided the Insured shall have complied with all the terms of the contract. Any outstanding premium may be deducted from the indemnity payable.
- 4.6 Property of others (applicable to property insurance only) Where a claim is made as a result of loss of or damage to property not owned by the Insured, the Insurer reserves the right to pay the indemnity to the Insured or to the owner of the property and to deal directly with such owner.
   4.7 Waiver
  - Waiver Neither the Insurer nor the Insured shall be deemed to have waived any term or condition of the policy by any act relating to arbitration or to the completion or delivery of proof of loss, or to the investigation or adjustment of the claim.
- 4.8 Limitation of actions (Article 2925)

Every action or proceeding against the Insurer under this policy shall be commenced within three years from the date the right of action has arisen.

4.9 Subrogation (Article 2474) Unless otherwise provided, the Insurer shall be subrogated to the extent of the amount paid or the liability assumed therefor under this policy to the rights of the Insured against persons responsible for the loss except when they are members of the Insured's household. The Insurer may be fully or partly released from his obligation towards the Insured where, owing to any act of the Insured, he cannot be so subrogated.

### 5. OTHER INSURANCE

5.1 Property insurance (Article 2496)

The Insured who, without fraud, is insured by several insurers, under several policies, for the same interest and against the same risk so that the total amount of indemnity that would result from the separate performance of such policies would exceed the loss incurred may be indemnified by the insurer or insurers of his choice, each being liable only for the amount he has contracted for.

No clause suspending all or part of the performance of the contract by reason of other insurance may be used against the Insured.

Unless otherwise agreed, the indemnity is apportioned among the insurers in proportion to the share of each in the total coverage, except in respect of specific insurance, which constitutes primary insurance.

5.2 Liability insurance

The liability insurance provided under this policy is primary insurance except when stated to apply in excess of, or contingent upon the absence of, other insurance. When this insurance is primary and the Insured has other insurance which is stated to be applicable to the loss on an excess or contingent basis, the amount of the Insurer's liability under this policy shall not be reduced by the existence of such other insurance. When both this insurance and other insurance apply to the loss on the same basis whether primary, excess or contingent, the Insurer shall not be liable under this policy for a greater proportion of the loss than that stated in the applicable contribution provision below:

- Contribution by equal share:

If all of such other collectible insurance provides for contribution by equal shares, this Insurer shall not be liable for a greater proportion of such loss than would be payable if each insurer contributed an equal share until the share of each insurer equals the lowest applicable limit of liability under any one policy or the full amount of the loss is paid, and with respect to any amount of loss not so paid the remaining insurers then continue to contribute equal shares of the remaining amount of the loss until each such insurer has paid its limit in full or the full amount of the loss is paid.

- Contribution by limits: If any such other insurance does not provide for contribution by equal shares, this Insurer shall not be liable for a greater proportion of such loss than the applicable limit of liability under this policy for such loss bears to the total applicable limit of liability of all valid and collectible insurance against such loss.
- 6. CANCELLATION (Articles 2477 and 2479) This policy may be cancelled at any time:
  - (a) By mere written notice from each of the Named Insureds. Termination takes effect upon receipt of the notice and the Insured shall therefore be entitled to a refund of the excess of the premium actually paid over the short-term rate for the expired time.
  - (b) By the Insurer giving written notice to each Named Insureds. Termination takes effect fifteen days following receipt of such notice by the Insured at his last known address and the Insurer shall refund the excess of premium actually paid over the pro rata premium for the expired time. If the premium is subject to adjustment or determination as to amount, the refund shall be made as soon as practicable.

Where one or more of the Named Insureds have been mandated to receive or send the notices provided for under paragraph

(a) or (b) above, notices sent or received by them shall be deemed to have been sent or received by all Named Insureds.

In this Condition, the words "premium actually paid" mean the premium actually paid by the Insured to the Insurer or its representative but do not include any premium or part thereof paid to the Insurer by a representative unless actually paid to the representative by the Insured.

7. NOTICE

Any notice to the Insurer may be sent by any recognized means of communication to the Insurer or its authorized representative. Notice may be given to the named Insured by letter personally delivered to him or by mail addressed to him at his last known address.

It is incumbent upon the sender to prove that such notice was received.



## **Notice to Insureds**

Pursuant to the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, 1987

#### Important

The notice below applies to insurance contracts containing non-automobile legal liability coverages in provinces where statistical data relating to such contracts must be reported to the Superintendent of Insurance.

#### LEGAL AUTHORITY FOR COLLECTION

Insurance Act, R.S.O. 1990, c18, section 101 (1).

#### PRINCIPAL PURPOSE FOR WHICH PERSONAL INFORMATION IS INTENDED TO BE USED

Information collected by insurers from Insureds or supplied to insurers pertaining to the attached document will be used:

- to compile aggregate statistical data to be used in monitoring trends in the insurance industry;
- to develop statistical exhibits to be used in monitoring the insurance industry;
- to respond to requests for customized statistical information on the insurance industry;
- to respond to inquiries on statistical information made to Office of the Superintendent of insurance; and
- to use and disclose such information for purposes which are consistent with the previous clauses.

#### THE PUBLIC OFFICIAL WHO CAN ANSWER QUESTIONS ABOUT THE COLLECTION IS:

Manager, Statistical Services Financial Services Commission of Ontario 5160 Yonge Street, 17th Floor, Box 85 North York, ON M2N 6L9 Tel: (416) 250-7250 Fax: (416) 590-7070